

FLOODFORECASTINGCENTRE

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Environment
Agency



Met Office

**“Surface water flood forecasting and guidance in the UK:
theory, performance and outlook”**

**RainGain National Observers Group (NOG) Meeting
16 April 2013**

**Dr Andy Lane
Senior Hydrometeorologist**



Overview

- ➔ Flood Forecasting Centre
- ➔ Developing our surface water flood forecasting capabilities
- ➔ Outlook

Flood Forecasting Centre



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Met Office

What is the FFC?

- ➔ Successful **partnership** between the Met Office and Environment Agency;
- ➔ Remit to forecast for **all sources** of flooding;
- ➔ **Operational** since April 2009 delivering 24/7 services;
- ➔ **Combine staff expertise** in hydrometeorology to provide improved and new services
- ➔ Agreed outcomes with three year delivery plan
- ➔ Permanent base in MO Exeter
- ➔ DEFRA funded inc. national contributions



Our Services

➔ Government Services

England, Wales & Local Flood Advisory Services

➔ Cat 1 and 2 Services

Flood Guidance Statements, Hazard Manager, Consultancy, materials and training

➔ Environment Agency English Regions and Wales

Hydromet Services: Guidance, Heavy Rainfall Alerts & Forecast Met Data

➔ UKCMF Services

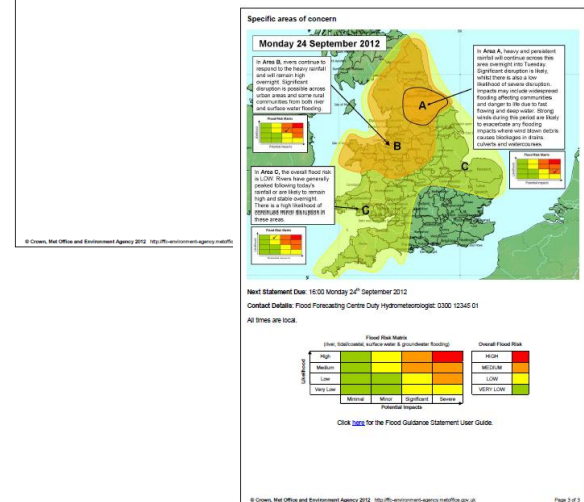
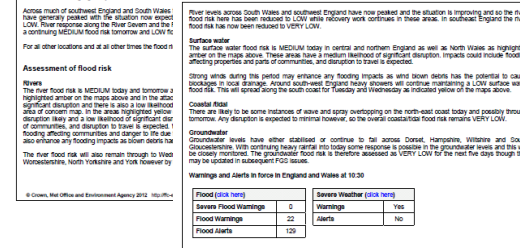
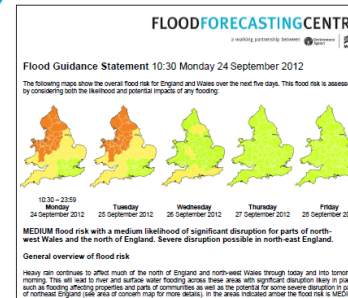
Outlooks, alerts and consultancy for the UK coast inc Scotland & NI

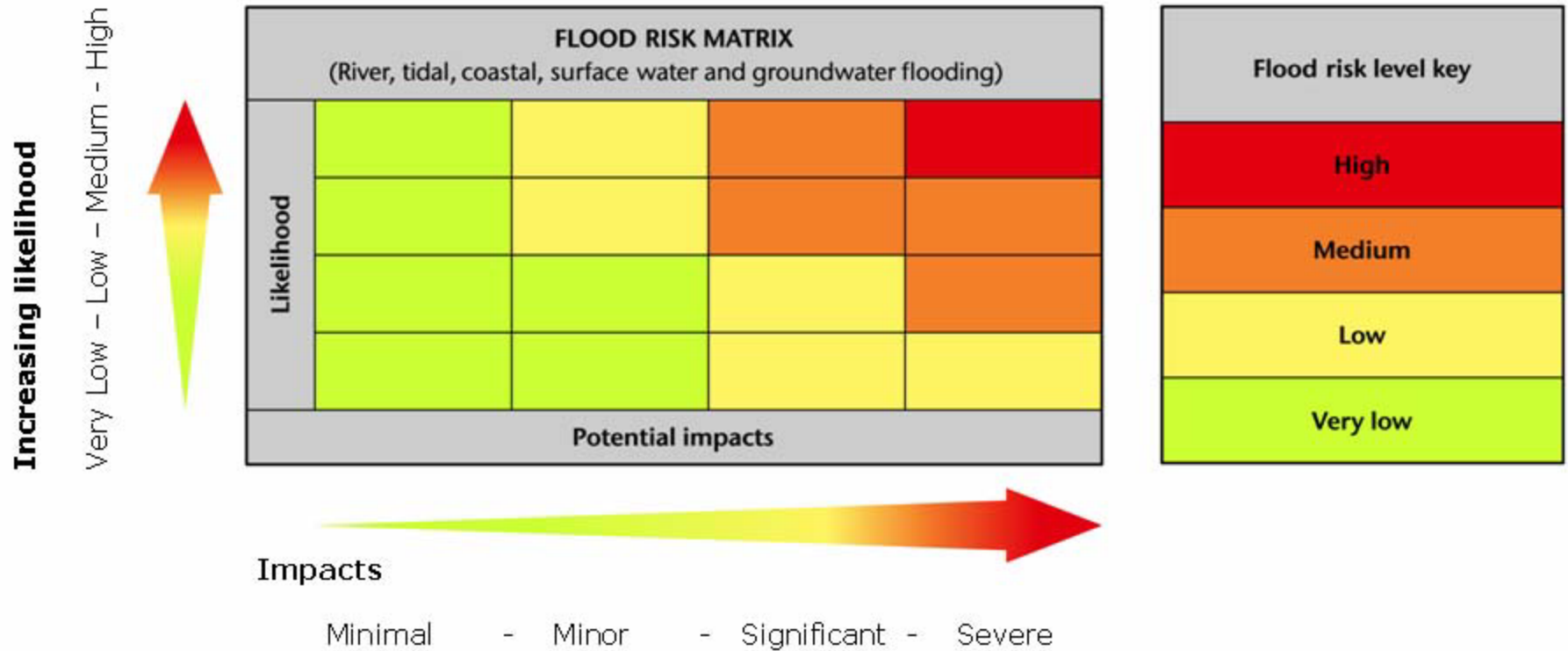
➔ Public Services

Public Flood Risk Forecast

Flood Guidance Statement (FGS)

- ➔ Five day national, county level forecast of flood risk for England & Wales
- ➔ Issued daily, and more frequently at times of higher risk
- ➔ Risk (colour) determined using a flood risk matrix, combining **likelihood and impact** of flooding
- ➔ Email and Fax to 2500+ government and emergency responders





Our Delivery Plan Priorities

1. 24/7 hydrometeorological service enabling all our partners to be better prepared for flooding.
2. Understand our customers, lead in the integration of flood services and help them to understand how they can best use our products and services.
3. **Develop our forecasting capabilities further**
4. Develop and promote the FFC as a centre of expertise in hydrometeorology

Developing our surface water flood forecasting capabilities



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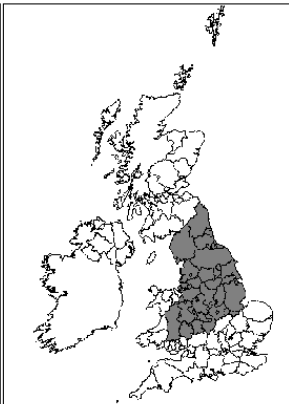


Met Office

1st Generation Extreme Rainfall Alerts 2008 - 2011

- ➔ 1 in 30 year return period rainfall depth-duration thresholds
- ➔ 30mm/hour, 40mm/3hours and 50mm/6hours
- ➔ Issued at county level to alert for extreme rainfall that could lead to severe surface water flooding in urban areas
- ➔ Issued on 20% probability of meeting the thresholds

Extreme Rainfall Alert
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An alert for the following regions:


- Blackburn with Darwen
- Blackpool
- Cheshire
- Cumbria
- Darlington
- Derby
- Derbyshire
- Durham
- E. Riding of Yorkshire
- Gtr Manchester
- Halton
- Hartlepool
- Herefordshire
- Kingston upon Hull
- Lancashire
- Leicestershire
- Lincolnshire
- Merseyside
- Middlesbrough
- N. Lincolnshire
- N. Yorkshire
- NE. Lincolnshire
- Northumbria
- Nottingham
- Nottinghamshire

- Peterborough
- Powys
- Redcar and Cleveland
- Rutland
- S. Yorkshire
- Shropshire
- Staffordshire
- Stockton-on-Tees
- Stoke-on-Trent
- Tebrid and Wrekin
- Tyne and Wear
- W. Midlands
- W. Yorkshire
- Warrington
- Warwickshire
- Worcestershire
- Wrexham
- York

Issued by the Flood Forecasting Centre at 12:03 on Friday, 15 February 2013
ERA reference number: 183

Extreme Rainfall Alert

Start of event: 12:00 on Thursday, 28 June 2012
End of event: 21:00 on Thursday, 28 June 2012

There is a 40% probability of rainfall amounts exceeding 50 millimetres in 6 hours
Event total accumulations of 70 millimetres are possible

In some areas within those highlighted extreme rainfall may lead to surface water flooding
Consider activating your emergency procedures

All times are local

For enquiries regarding this alert please contact the Flood Forecasting Centre
Phone: 0300 123 4501 Email: FF.Enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk
Visit www.metoffice.gov.uk for the National Severe Weather Warning Service
Visit www.environment-agency.gov.uk for river and sea flood warnings
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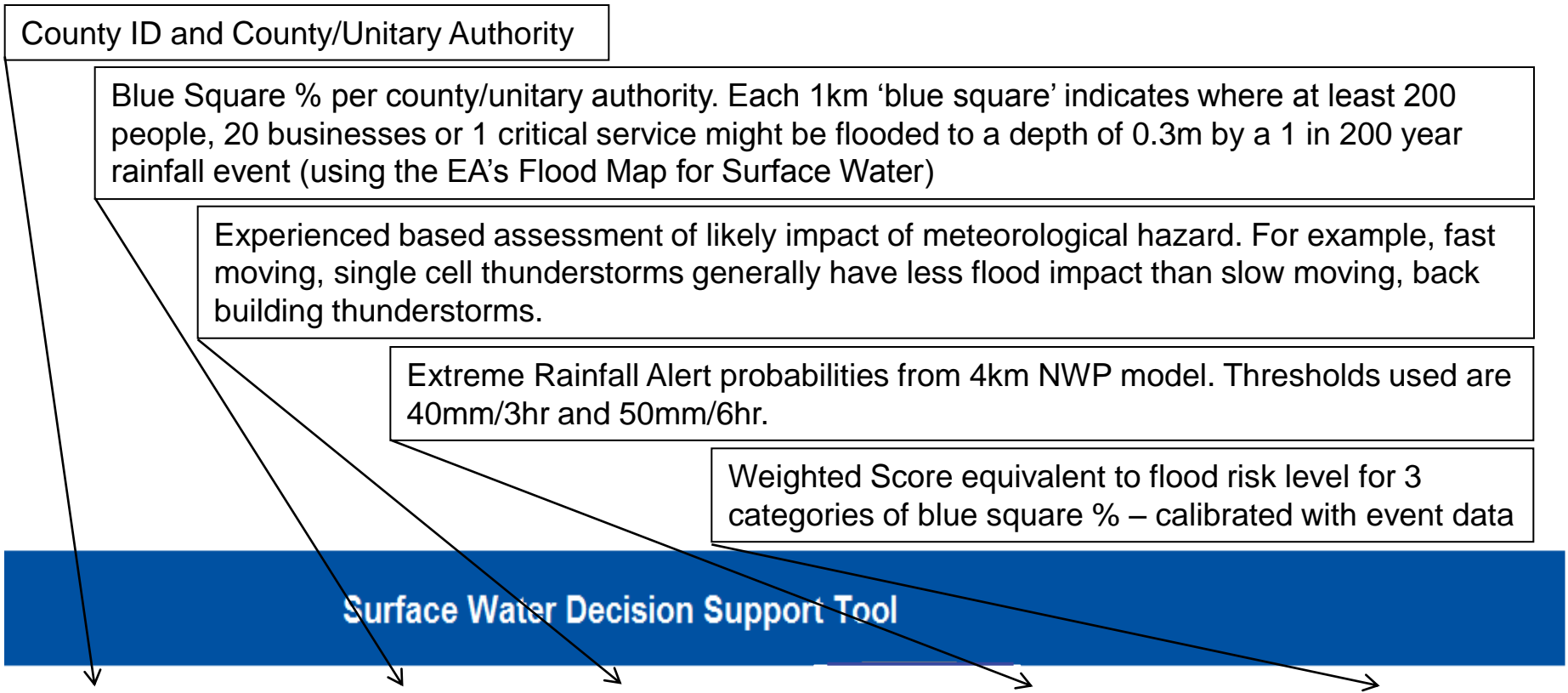


2nd Generation - Surface Water Flooding Decision Support Tool (SWFDST) 2011 - present

- ➔ Project with Halcrow (2010 – 2011)
- ➔ Examined rainfall and other criteria (SMD, API, Urban Extent etc) that exacerbate SWF
- ➔ Shortlisted main ones where data available
- ➔ Tested these criteria against flood and non-flood events (surface water)
- ➔ Iterative process to find ‘best’ weightings of these criteria using POD/FAR/CSI
- ➔ Developed an operational tool

2nd Generation

- Initial UK4 SWFDST



ID	County / Unitary Authority	Blue Square (%)	Blue Sq. Category	Meteorological Hazard Weight Data	Prob. Excd. 3Hr30 Score	Prob. Excd. 6Hr30 Score	Total weighted score	Risk Category
50	Kingston upon Hull	7.36	1	no rainfall	0	0	0.00	Very Low
51	E Riding of Yorkshire	2.20	1	no rainfall	0	0	0.00	Very Low
52	NE Lincolnshire	3.93	1	no rainfall	0	0	0.00	Very Low
53	N Lincolnshire	3.31	1	no rainfall	0	0	0.00	Very Low
54	York	2.21	1	no rainfall	0	0	0.00	Very Low



Winter 2011/12

2nd Generation – Updated UK4 SWFDST

- ➔ Recalibrated with summer 2011 rainfall and flood impact data

Winter 2012/13

2nd Generation – UKV SWFDST

- ➔ Parameters that can exacerbate SWF re-assessed using rainfall and flood impact data collected over summer 2012 and previous years.
- ➔ Spreadsheet re-weighted based upon this new parameter set.
- ➔ Re-calibrated to use UKV 1.5km (not UK4 4km) Extreme Rainfall Alert probability data.

2nd Generation – UKV SWFDST

County ID and County/Unitary Authority

Blue Square % per county/unitary authority. Each 1km 'blue square' indicates where at least 200 people, 20 businesses or 1 critical service might be flooded to a depth of 0.3m by a 1 in 200 year rainfall event (using the EA's Flood Map for Surface Water)

Experienced based assessment of likely impact of meteorological hazard. For example, fast moving, single cell thunderstorms generally have less flood impact than slow moving, back building thunderstorms.

Maximum probability value from all three 1 in 10 and all three 1 in 30 year return period UKV (1.5km NWP model) Extreme Rainfall Alert Probabilities.

Soil Moisture Deficit value. $\leq 6\text{mm}$ the catchment is considered wet and assigned a SMD score of 100% $> 6\text{mm}$ SMD score decreases inversely ($\text{score} = 100 / \text{SMD}(\text{mm})$)

10 year return periods		30 year return periods	
20 mm / 7 hours		30 mm / 7 hours	
30 mm / 3 hours		40 mm / 3 hours	
40 mm / 6 hours		50 mm / 6 hours	

Weighted Score equivalent to flood risk level for 3 categories of blue square % – calibrated with flood event data

Surface Water Flooding Decision Support Tool

ID	County / Unitary Authority	Blue Square [%]	Blue Sq. Category	Met Hazard Guidelines		Prob. Excd. 10Yr Max		Prob. Excd. 30Yr Max		SMD		Total weighted score	Risk Category
				Weight	Score	Weight	Score	Weight	Score	Weight	Score		
0	Merseyside	17.64	3	no rainfall	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.50	Very Low
1	S Yorkshire	10.63	2	no rainfall	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.50	Very Low
2	Tyne and Wear	19.60	3	no rainfall	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.50	Very Low
3	W Midlands	44.47	3	no rainfall	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	1	0.50	Very Low



Surface Water Flood Forecasting process

SWFDST – Initial assessment

Consultation

- ➔ Environment Agency regional flood forecasting teams
- ➔ Met Office Civil Contingency Advisors
- ➔ Met Office Chief Forecaster

Look at other NWP models

- ➔ MOGREPS-UK
- ➔ ECMWF

...etc

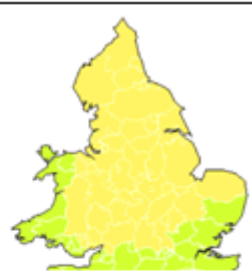
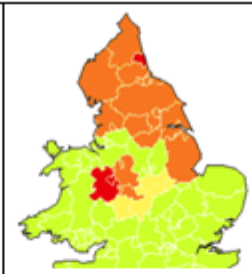
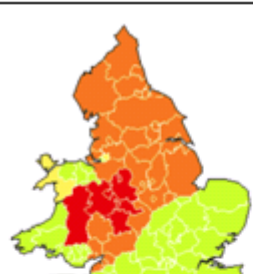
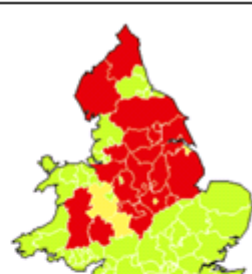
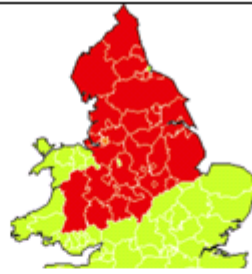
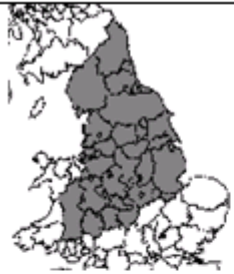
Produce Flood Guidance Statement

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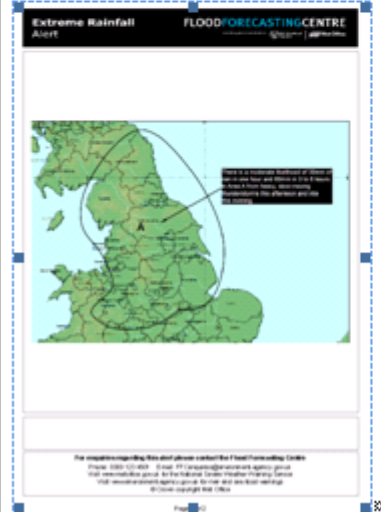


28-June-2012#



ERA

40% Probability of 50mm/6-hours



Initial-UK4-SWFDST

Few calibration events

Updated-UK4-SWFDST

More calibration events from summer-2011

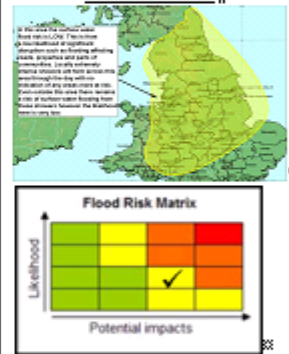
UKV-SWFDST

Input data changed
Few calibration events

Actual Impacts

That we know about and assuming a high likelihood.
Sometimes difficult to know what actually happened.

FGS-issued



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4-August-2012

<p>ERA</p> <p>30% Probability of 50mm/6 hours</p>	<p>Initial-UK4-SWFDST</p> <p>Few calibration events</p>	<p>Updated-UK4-SWFDST</p> <p>More calibration events from summer 2011</p>	<p>UKV-SWFDST</p> <p>Input data changed</p> <p>Few calibration events</p>	<p>Actual Impacts</p> <p>That we know about and assuming a high likelihood</p> <p>Sometimes difficult to know what actually happened</p>	<p>FGS-issued</p> <p>Area A</p> <p>Area B</p>

25 August 2012#

<p>ERA</p> <p>30% Probability of 50mm/6-hours</p>	<p>Initial-UK4-SWFDST</p> <p>Few calibration events*</p>	<p>Updated-UK4-SWFDST</p> <p>More calibration events from summer 2011.*</p>	<p>UKV-SWFDST</p> <p>Input data changed</p> <p>Few calibration events*</p>	<p>Actual Impacts</p> <p>That we know about and assuming a high likelihood</p> <p>Sometimes difficult to know what actually happened.</p>	<p>FGS-issued</p> <p>Saturday 25th August</p> <p>Area A</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Flood Risk Matrix</caption> <tr> <td>Likelihood</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Medium</td> <td>High</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Potential impacts</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Medium</td> <td>High</td> </tr> </table> <p>Area B</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Flood Risk Matrix</caption> <tr> <td>Likelihood</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Medium</td> <td>High</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Potential impacts</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Medium</td> <td>High</td> </tr> </table>	Likelihood	Low	Medium	High	Potential impacts	Low	Medium	High	Likelihood	Low	Medium	High	Potential impacts	Low	Medium	High
Likelihood	Low	Medium	High																		
Potential impacts	Low	Medium	High																		
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Potential impacts	Low	Medium	High																		

Outlook



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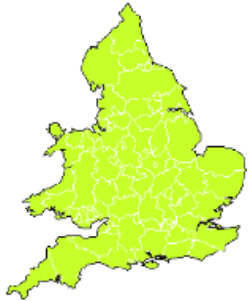
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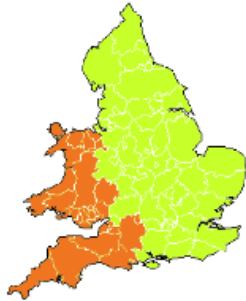
Met Office

- FFC Targets to 'reliably' forecast at county scale:

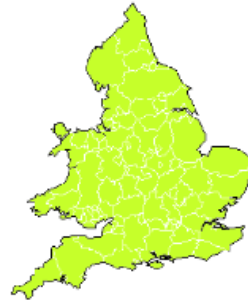
Amber - Day 2 – 2013



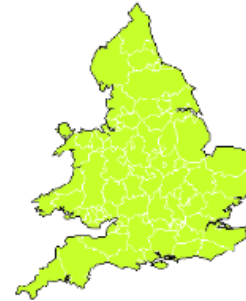
10:30 - 23:59hrs
Tuesday
13 November 2012



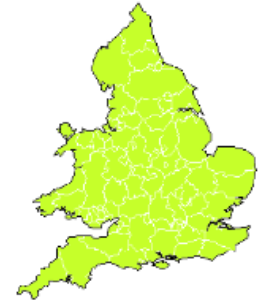
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Wednesday
14 November 2012



00:00 - 23:59hrs
Thursday
15 November 2012

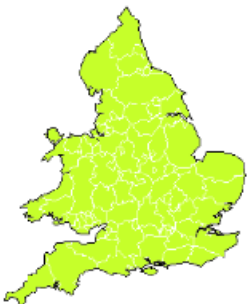


00:00 - 23:59hrs
Friday
16 November 2012

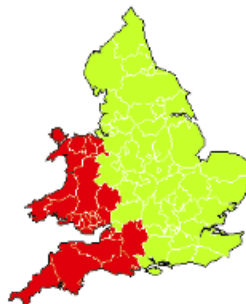


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Saturday
17 November 2012

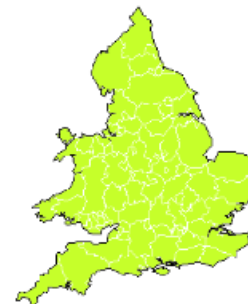
Red - Day 2 – 2015



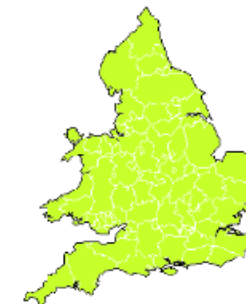
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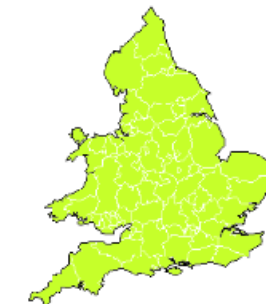
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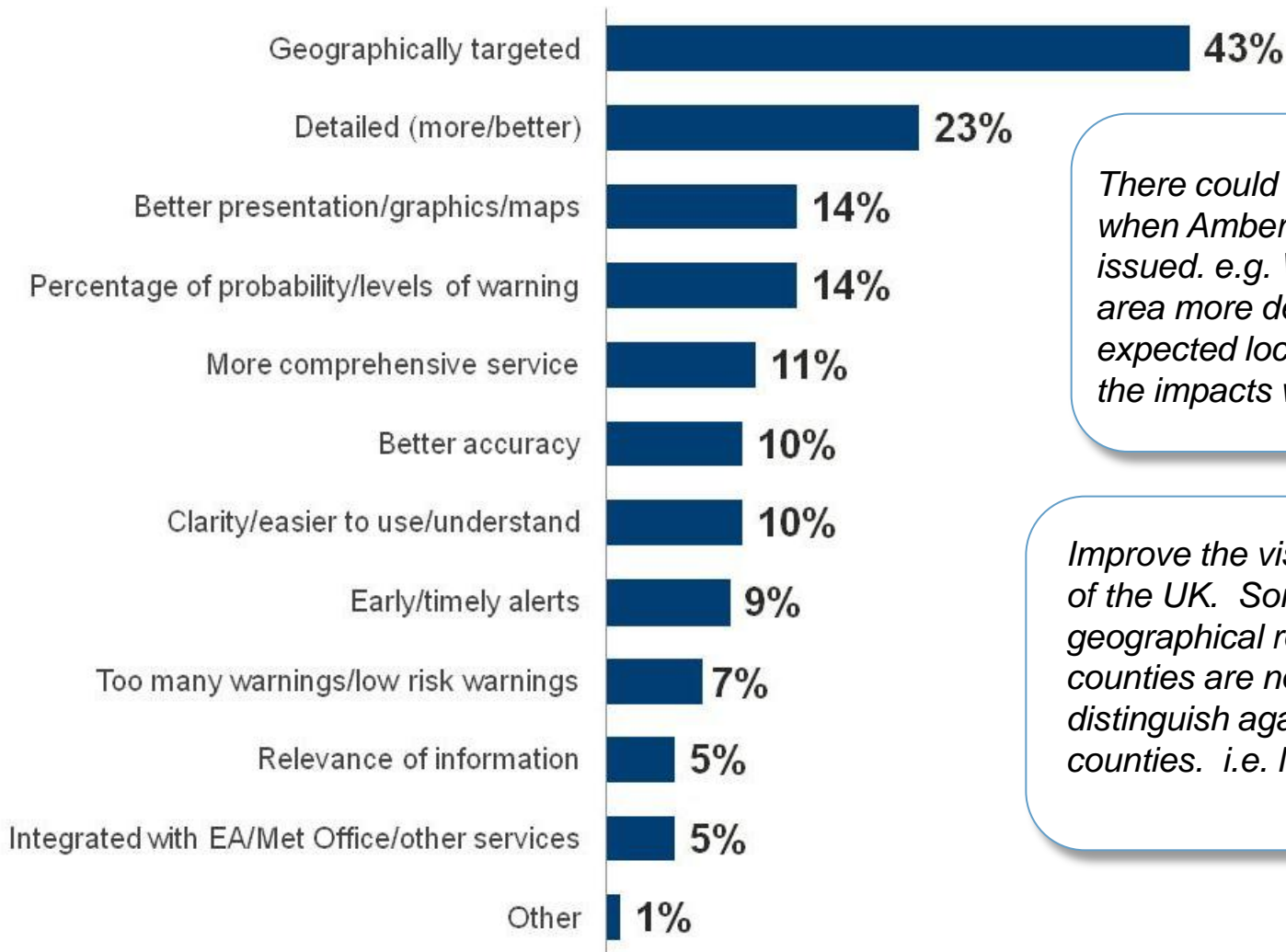


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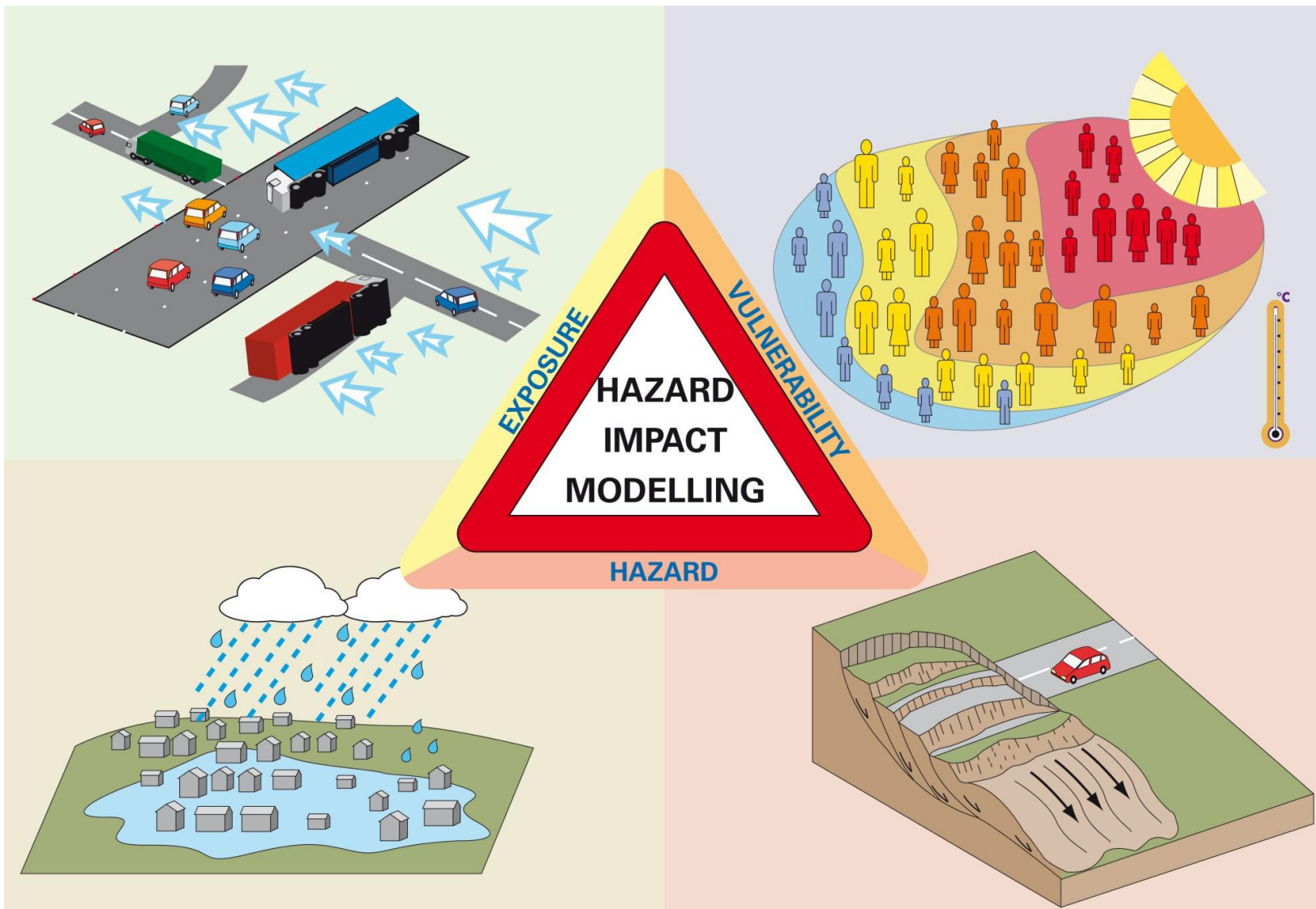
How could FGS be improved?



There could be more regional based when Amber alerts or above are issued. e.g. West Mids very large area more detailed maps of the expected locations likely to receive the impacts would be useful

Improve the visual representation of the UK. Some of the smaller geographical representations of counties are not easy to distinguish against neighbouring counties. i.e. North Somerset

3rd Generation – Hazard Impact Modelling



Natural Hazards Partnership

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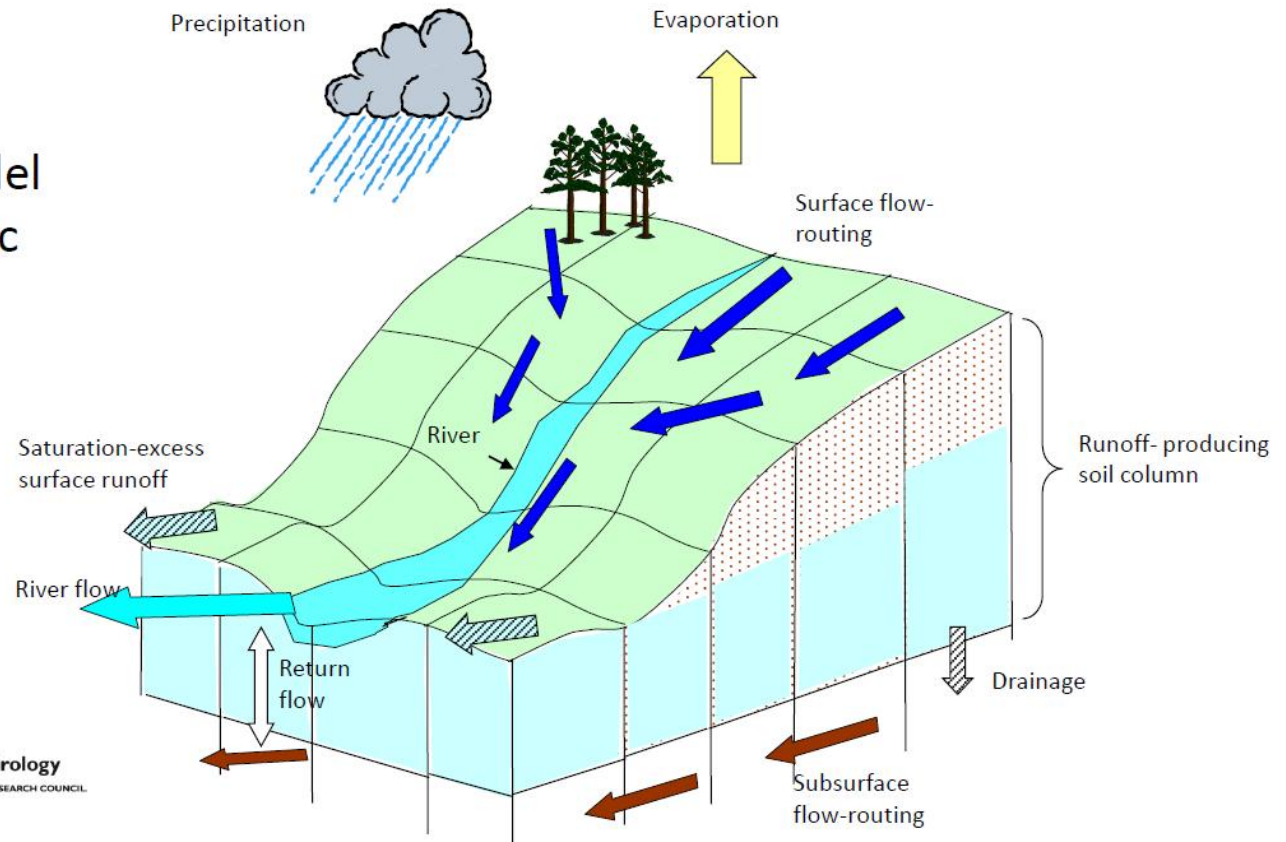
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Grid-to-Grid Distributed Hydrological Model

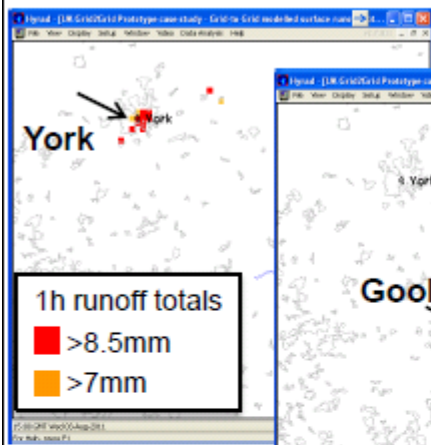
- Uses spatial datasets on terrain, soil, geology, land-cover
- Responds to spatial variation of rainfall input

G2G Model Schematic



How to map from G2G “Hazard Footprint” to “Impact”?

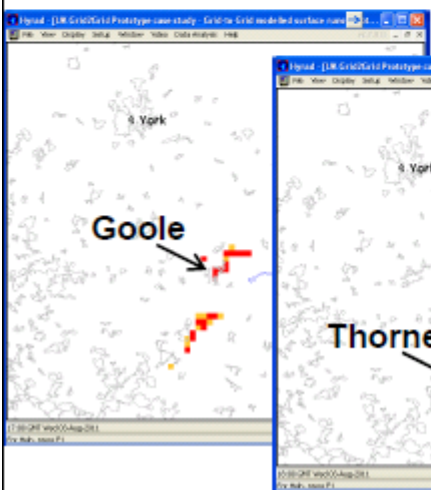
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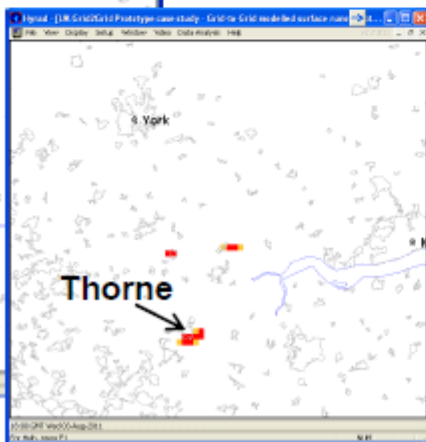
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17:00



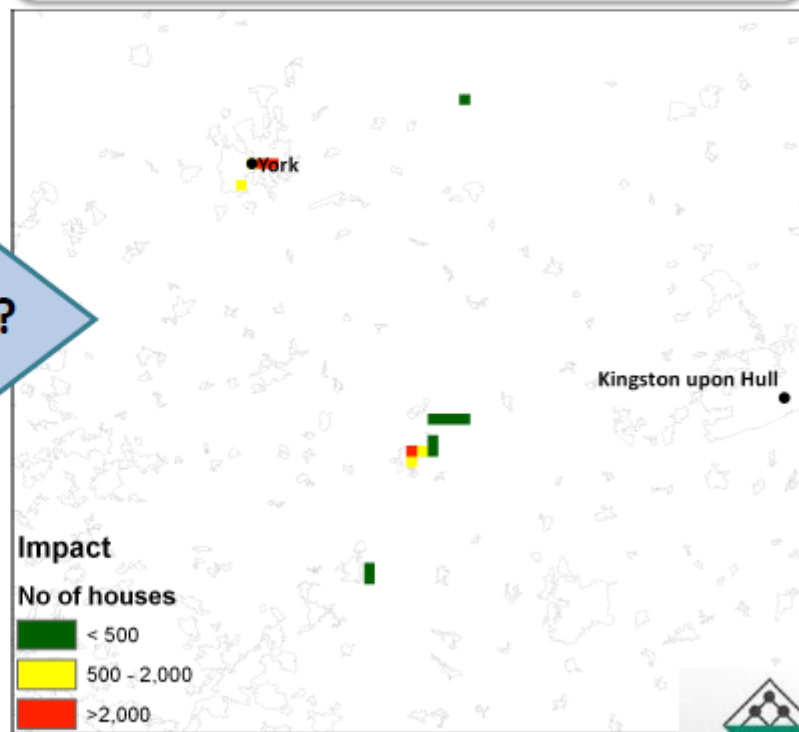
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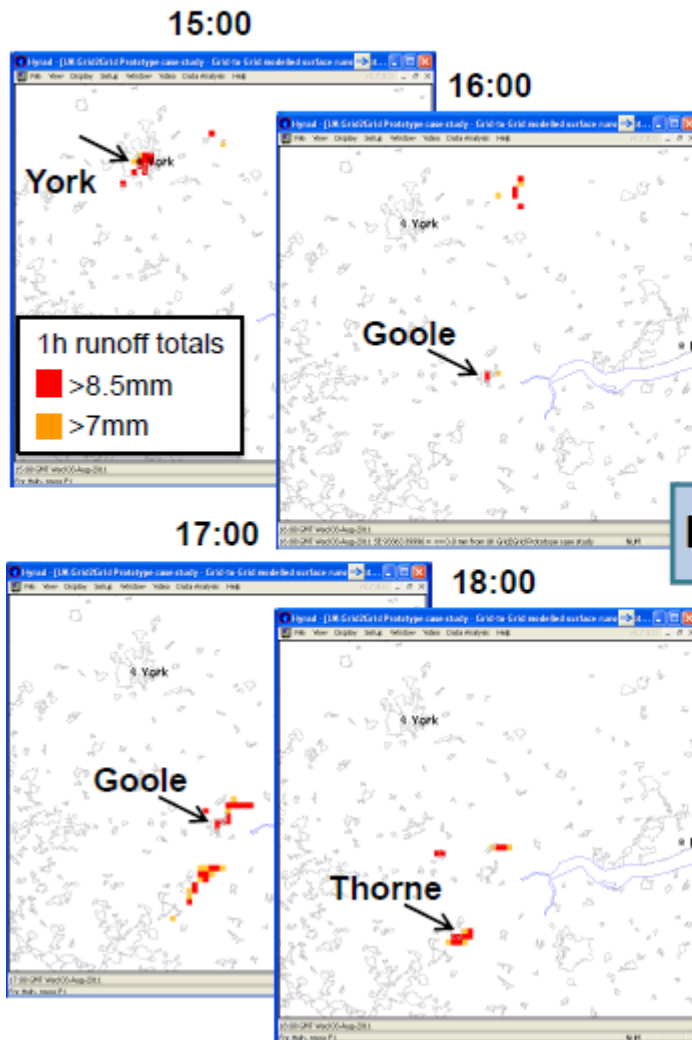
IMPACT?

Number of houses?

- EA National Receptors Database

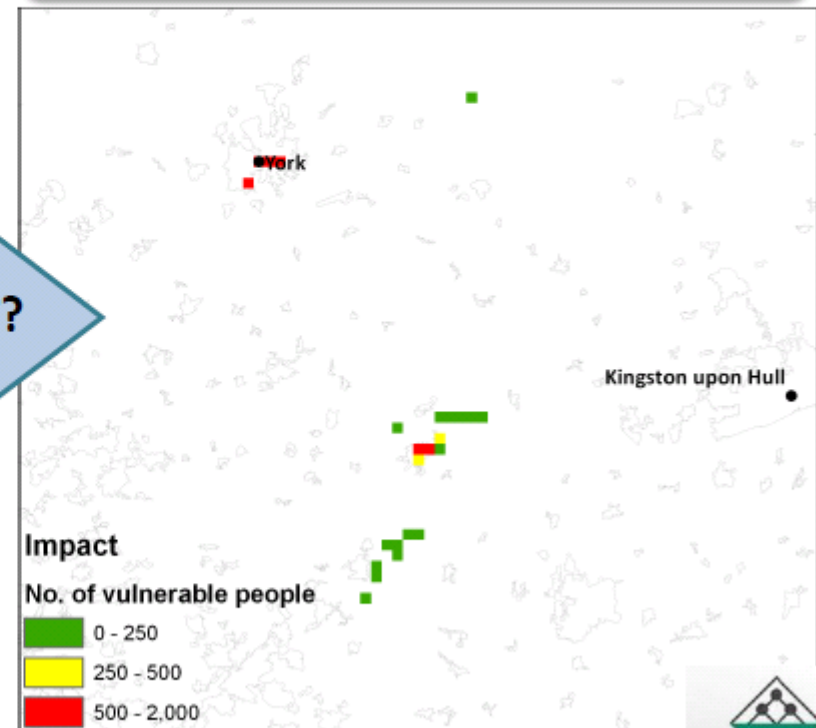


How to map from G2G “Hazard Footprint” to “Impact”?



Number of vulnerable people?

- HSL National Population Database



An aerial photograph of a flooded landscape. The foreground and middle ground are dominated by brown, murky floodwater that has inundated fields and roads. Numerous trees are partially submerged, their tops visible above the water. In the background, there are rolling hills and mountains under a cloudy, overcast sky. A small town or village is visible in the distance, partially obscured by the floodwater.

Questions?

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