

RainGain international workshop on “fine-scale rainfall nowcasting”

Ramada Plaza Hotel, Antwerp, 31-03-2014

The operational nowcasting system INCA-BE at the Royal Meteorological Institute of Belgium

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Royal Meteorological Institute of Belgium

INCA-BE one-slide summary

- INCA = Integrated Nowcasting through Comprehensive Analysis
- **Nowcasting system** of several meteorological fields: temperature, humidity, wind, cloudiness, precipitation, precipitation type and some derived fields (e.g. wind chill, height of freezing level, visibility)
- **High resolution:** 1 km
- Several of these fields are analysed in a **three-dimensional grid**
- Developed by national meteorological institute of Austria (ZAMG)
- **INCA-BE:** implementation of INCA in Belgium

OVERVIEW

- Why nowcasting?
- INCA, INCA-CE, INCA-BE
- INCA-BE input and output
- INCA-BE precipitation forecast
- Applications
- Future developments

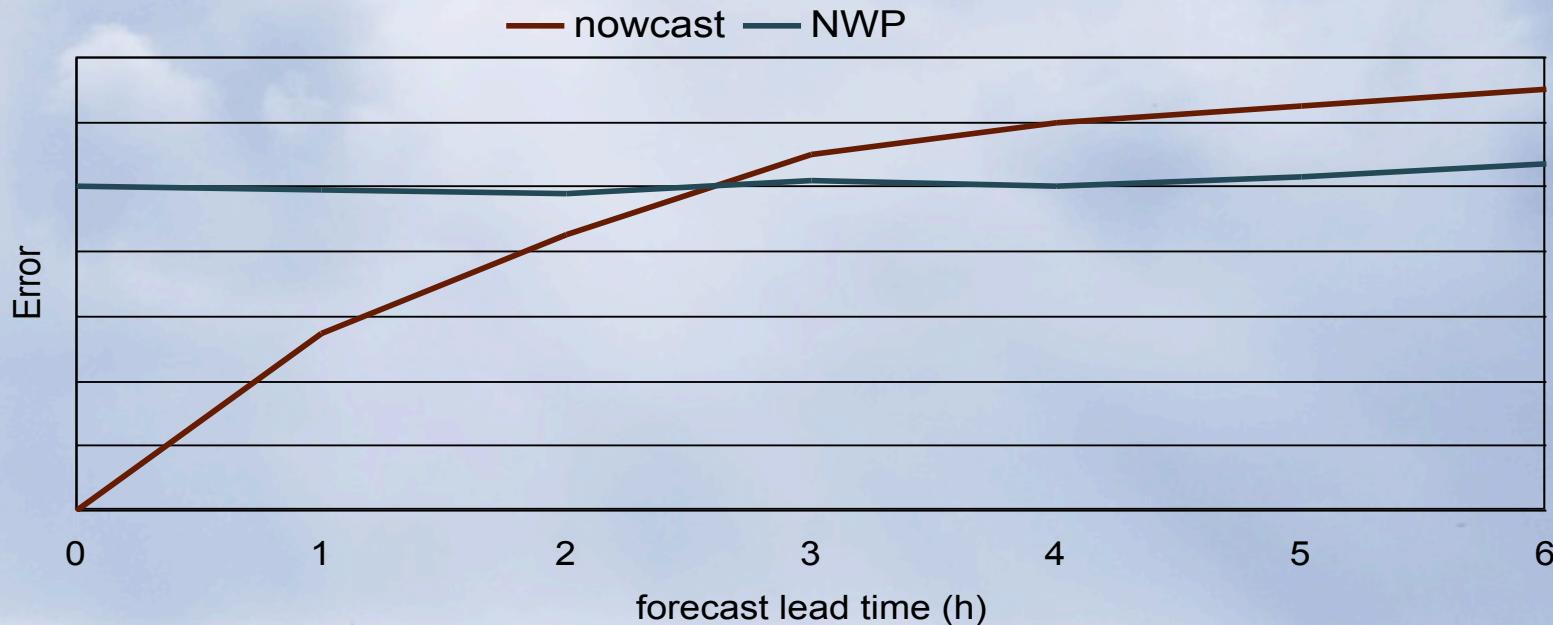
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Why nowcasting?

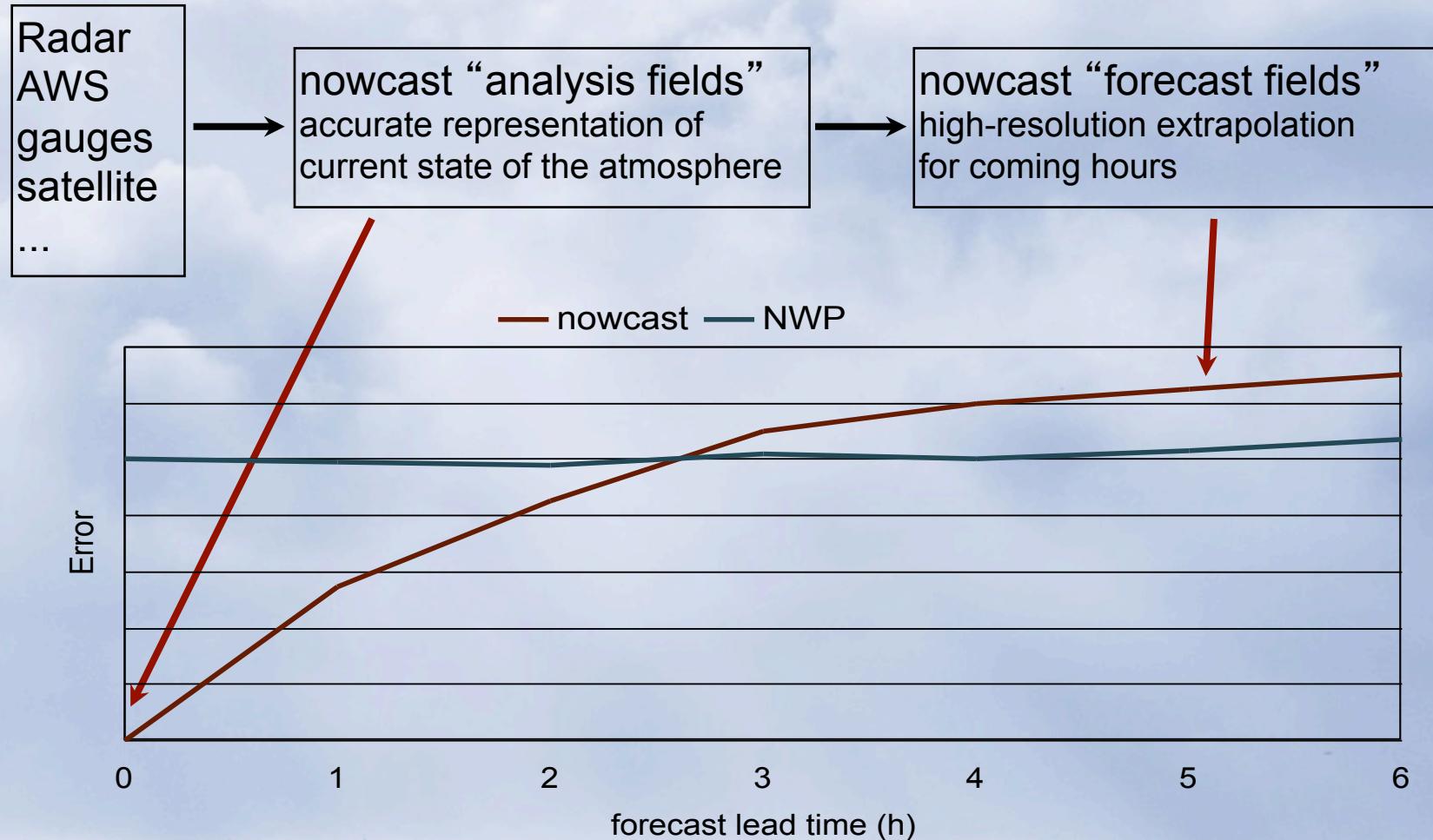
Nowcast = real-time forecast for the next couple of hours
with high resolution in space and time
contains some kind of extrapolation of current observations

Numerical models not accurate enough in this time frame, and do not have (yet) the required resolution.



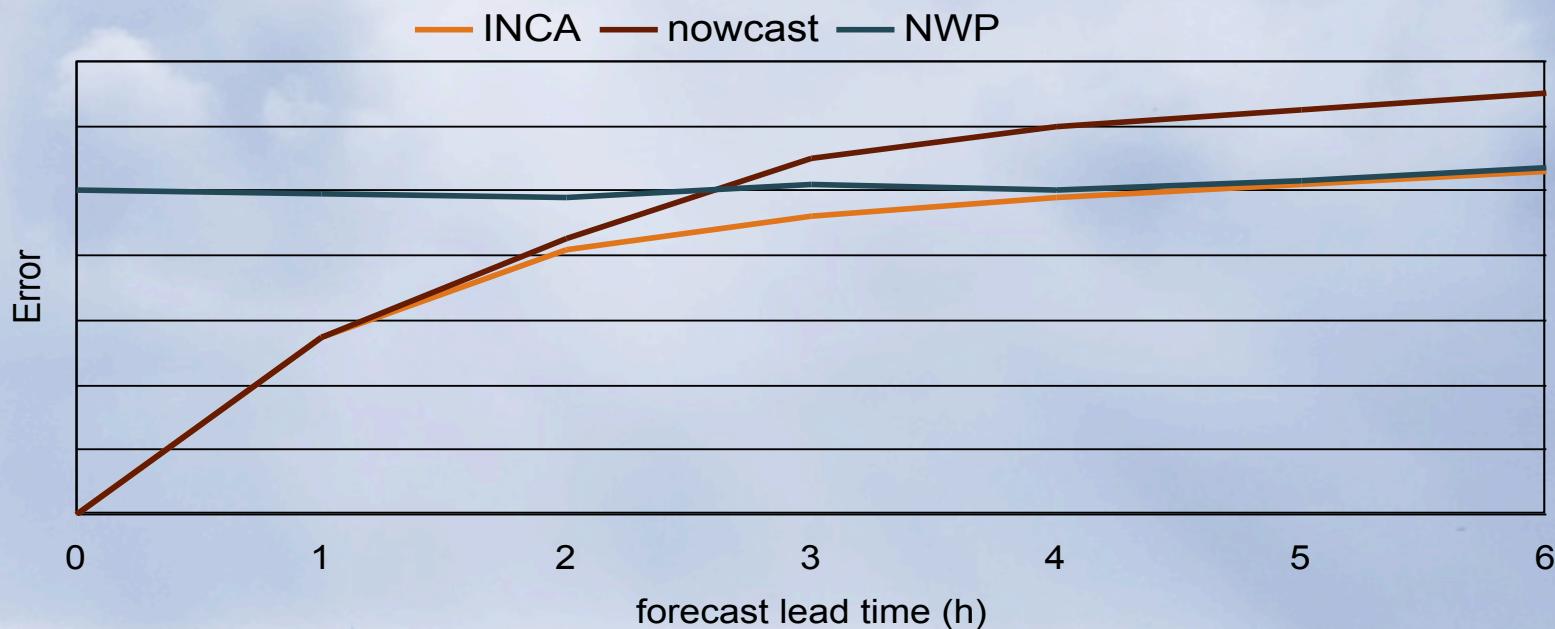
Why nowcasting?

Nowcast =



Why nowcasting?

Nowcasting system INCA merges both forecasting strategies

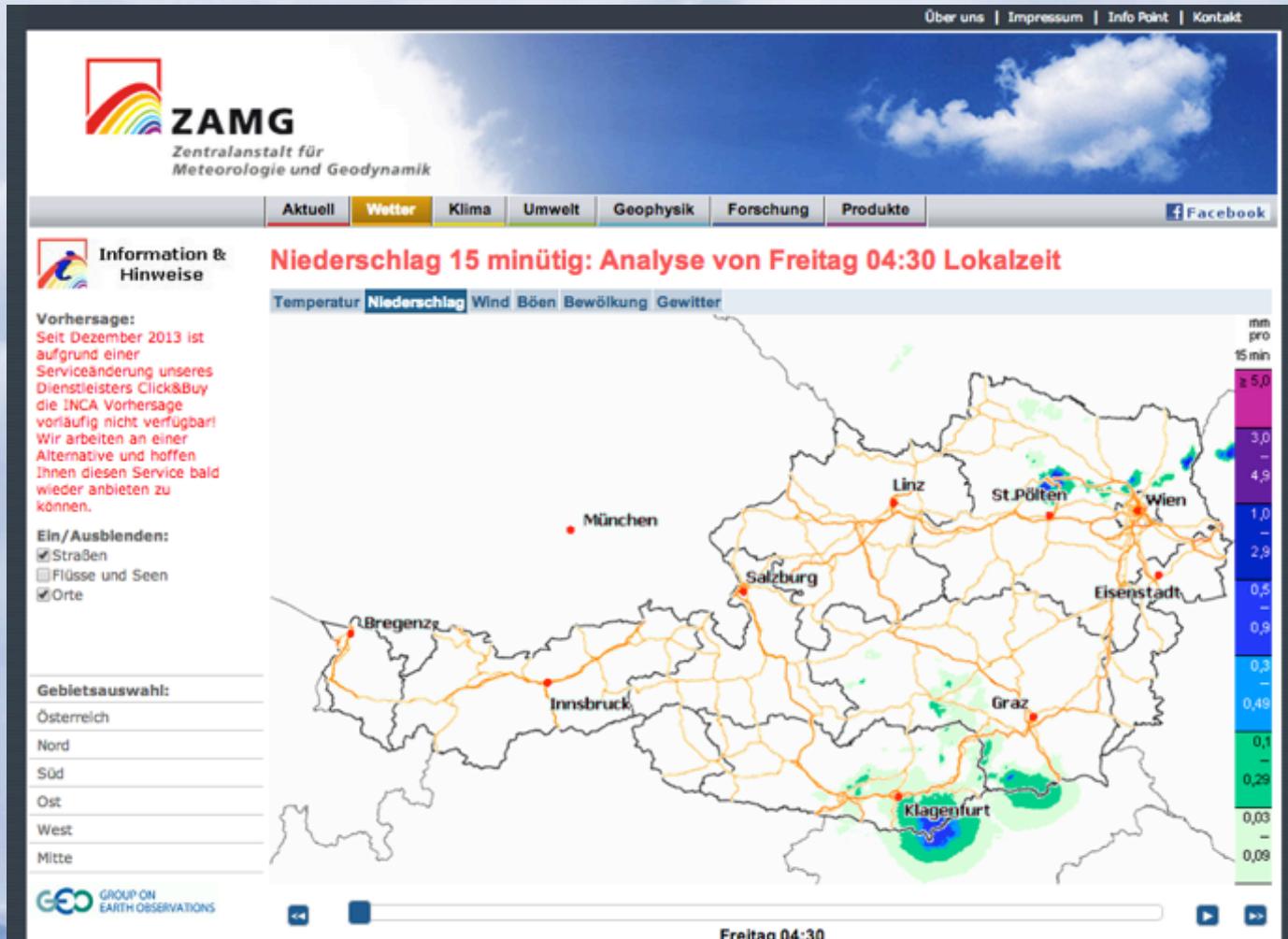


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INCA at ZAMG

<http://www.zamg.ac.at/incaanalyse/>



INCA in Europe

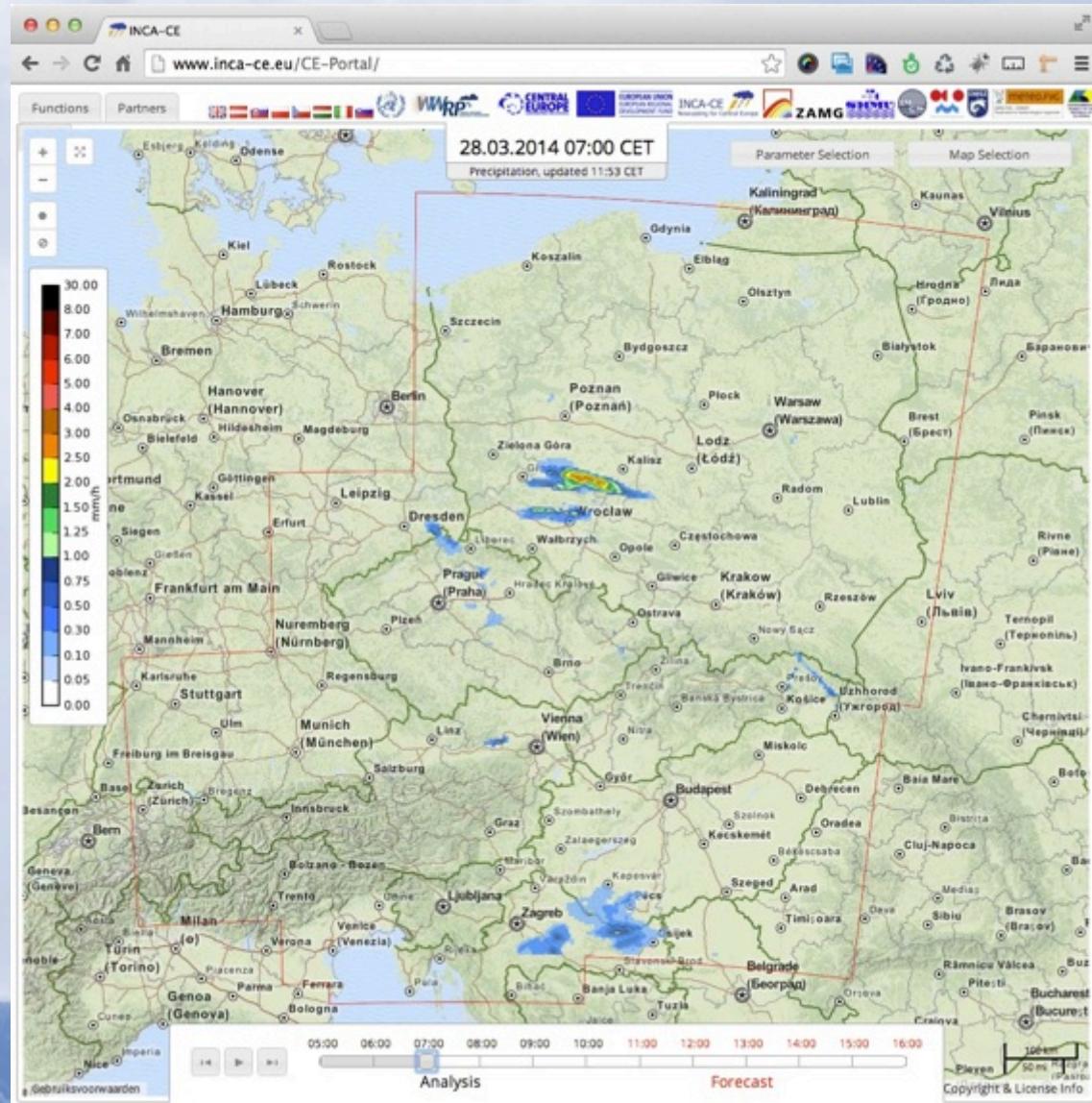
- INCA is growing! More and more countries have adopted (or going to adopt) INCA as their main nowcasting system: Slovakia, Slovenia, Croatia, Poland, Switzerland, Czech Republic, Turkey, Israel and even a province in China
- INCA-CE: ambitious European program to collaborate on improved nowcasting for Central Europe (May 2010 – Sept. 2013)



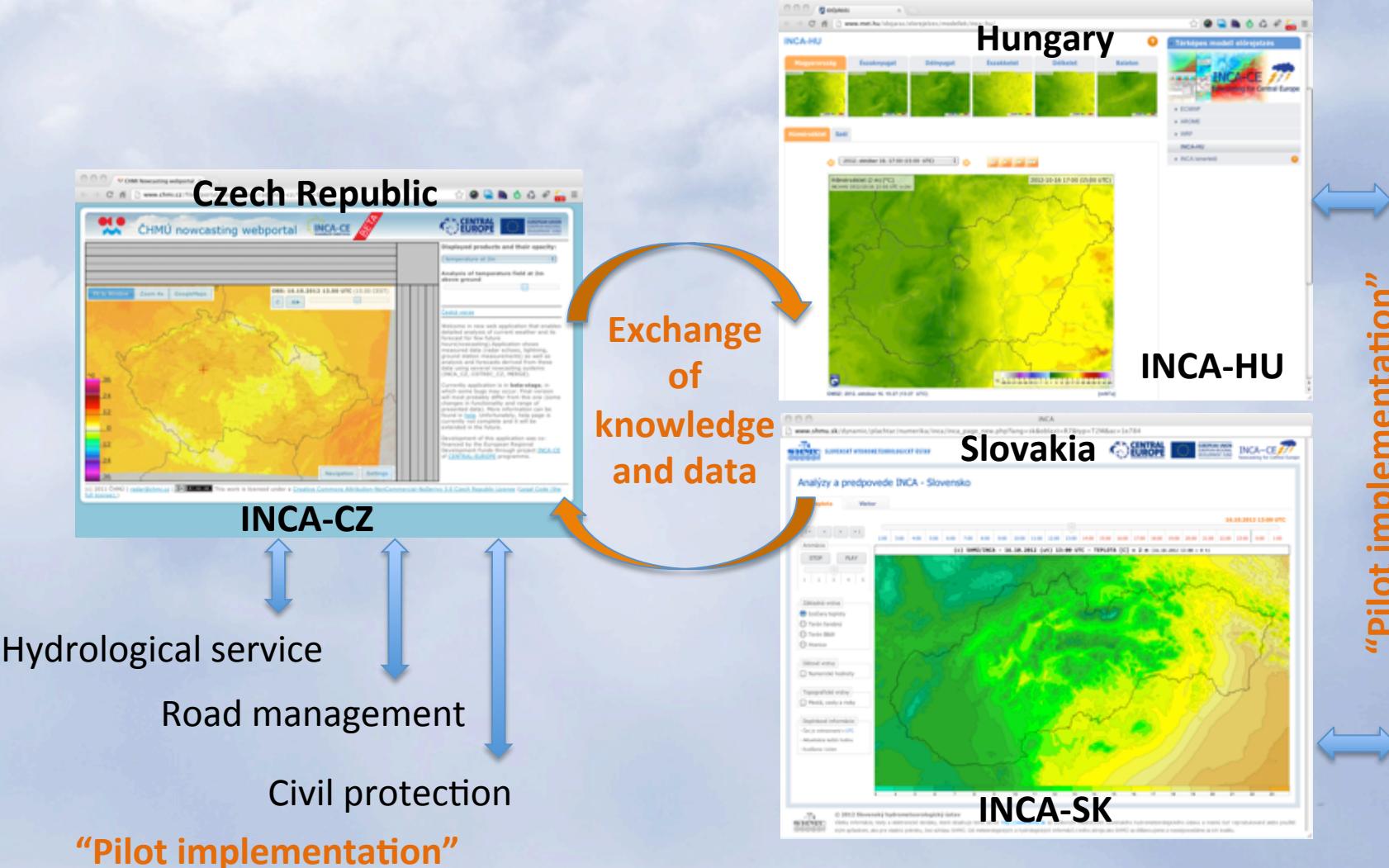
INCA-CE

INCA for central Europe <http://www.inca-ce.eu/CE-Portal>

- 4 km resolution
- 6h forecast for
2m temperature,
10m wind,
10m gusts,
precipitation



INCA-CE project



Civil protection
Hydrological service
Road management

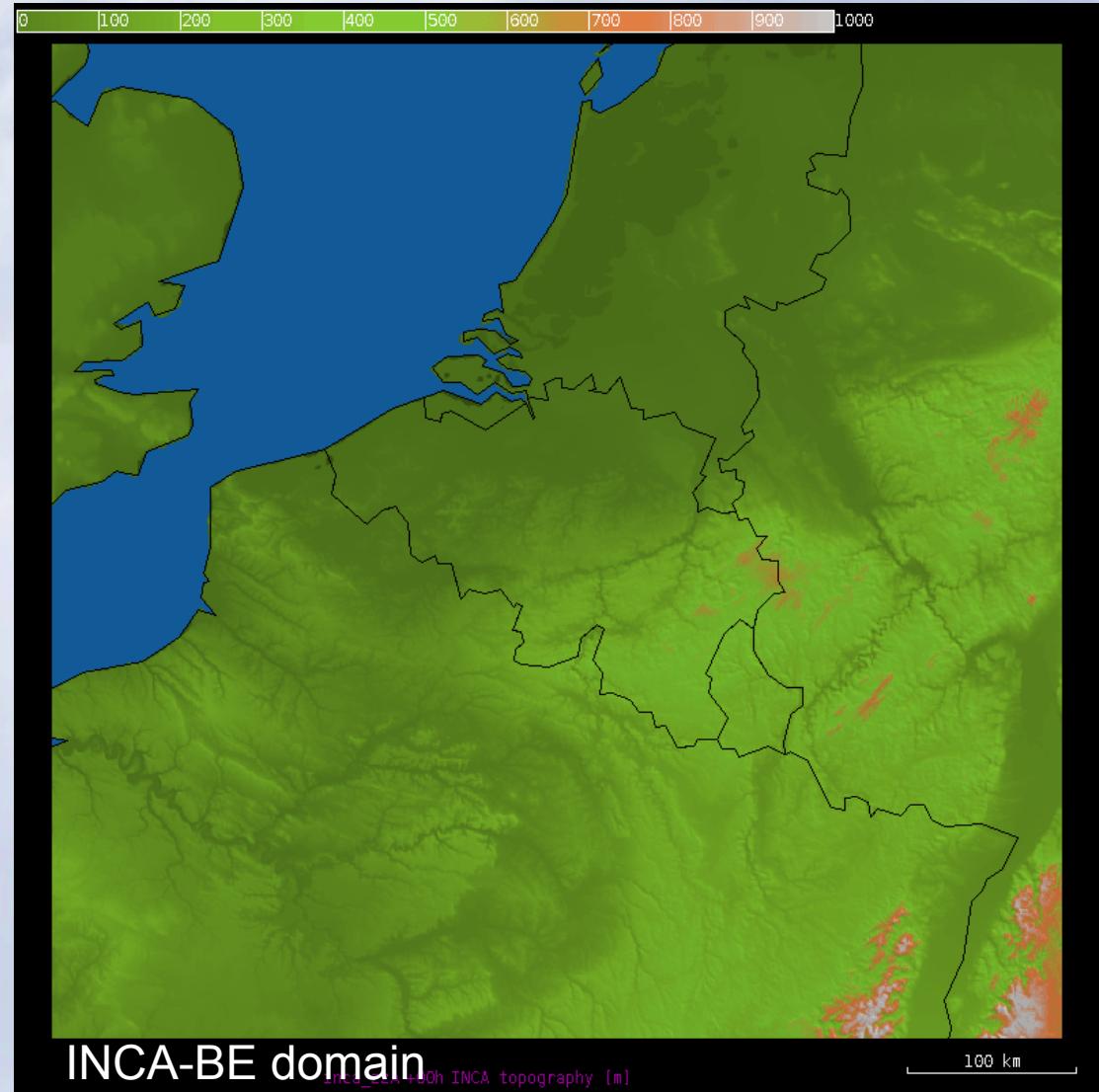
Civil protection
Hydrological service
Road management

INCA-BE

INCA-BE is the local implementation of INCA in Belgium

INCA-BE domain

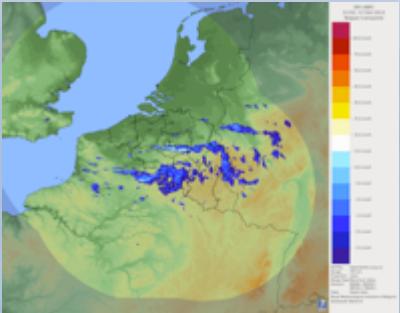
600x590 km, 1km resolution



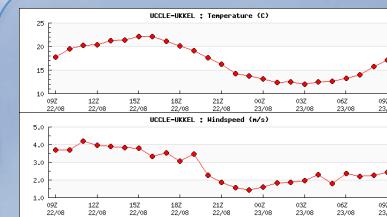
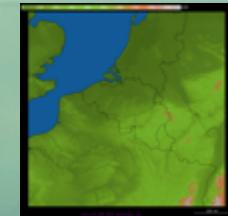
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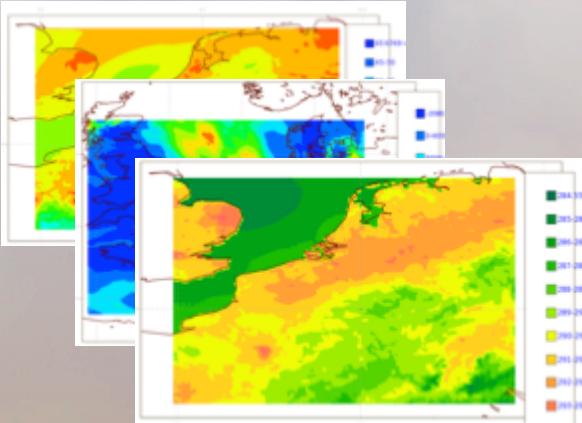
INCA-BE input



High resolution elevation data
(USGS GTOPO30)

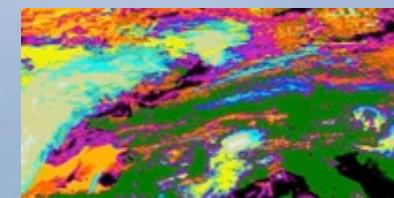


Automatic weather stations, synop
stations and regional gauge networks



NWP (ALARO-4km) – 6h update

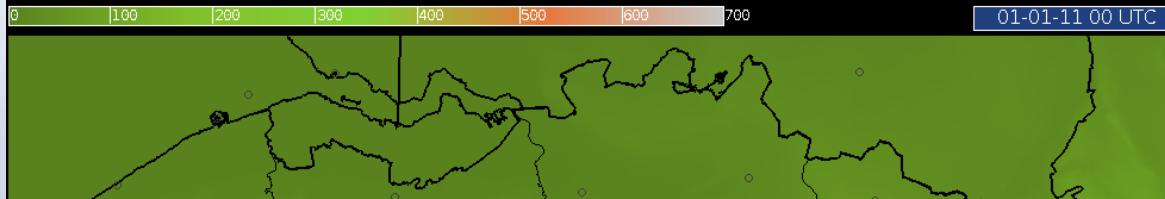
INCA-BE



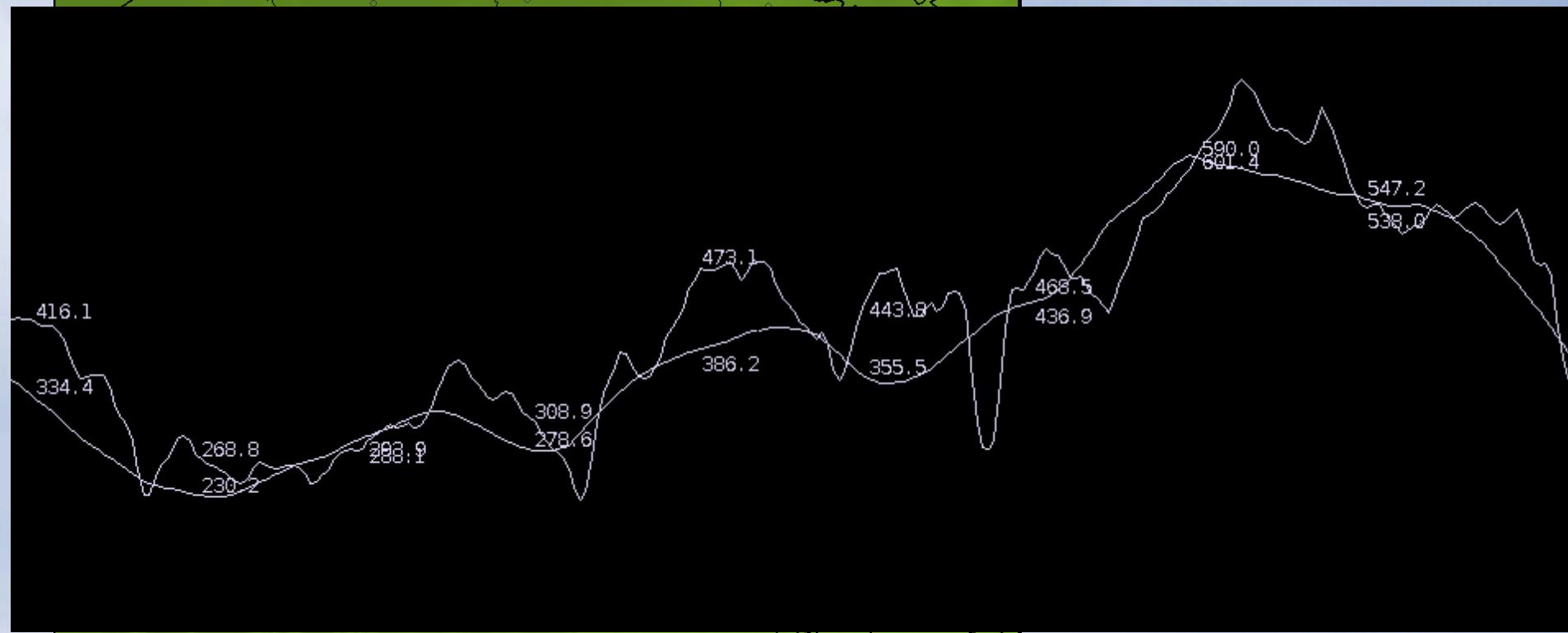
Satellite data (MSG RSS - SAFNWC)

INCA-BE topography

- ALARO-4km topography compared to INCA-BE topography



Difference up to 100m!



X Image Contour
X Image Contour

inca_zzB +00h ALARO topography [type code]
inca_zzB +00h INCA topography [m]

10 km

INCA-BE input

N
W
P

O
B
S
E
R
V
A
T
I
O
N
S

- **ALARO-0 4km**

4 runs per day

hourly output, 36h of forecast

output available roughly 4h after analysis time

- **Automatic weather stations and synop stations**

30 stations Belgium (available within 15 min after hour)

~120 synoptic stations in neighbour countries within INCA-BE domain
most of them available after ~20min

- Precipitation (10min time step)

 - **Radar** composite Wideumont + Zaventem + Avesnois + Jabbeke

 - **Rain gauges**

 - our own stations (available every hour)

 - regional hydrological services VMM and Sethy (real-time)

- **Satellite (10min time step)**

Cloud-type product of **SAFNWC** from **RSS** (real-time)

INCA-BE output

Output grouped into four categories:

Basic fields: **forecast** up to **+12h**, time step 1h, update every hour

2m temperature, 2m dewpoint, 2m relative humidity, snowfall level, freezing level, 10m wind, wind chill, ground temperature

Precipitation: **forecast** up to **+4h**, timestep 10 min, update every 10 min

Precipitation and precipitation type [rain/mix rain+snow/snow/freezing rain]

Convective fields: only **analysis**, time step 1h, update every hour

CAPE, CIN, LCL, Level of free convection, Lifted Index, Showalter Index, Deep Convection Index, Trigger temperature, Trigger temperature deficit, Equivalent pot. Temperature, Moisture convergence, Flow divergence, Precipitable water

Cloudiness fields: only **analysis**, time step 10 min, update every 10 min

Cloudiness and visibility

Runtime information

Hourly fields: basic and convective

	First run	Second run
T2M, TD2M, RH2M, ZSNOW, ZFREEZ	H+16'	H+43'
WIND10M	H+17'	H+44'
TGR	H+18'	H+46'
WCHILL	H+19'	H+47'
Convective analysis	H+20'	H+48'

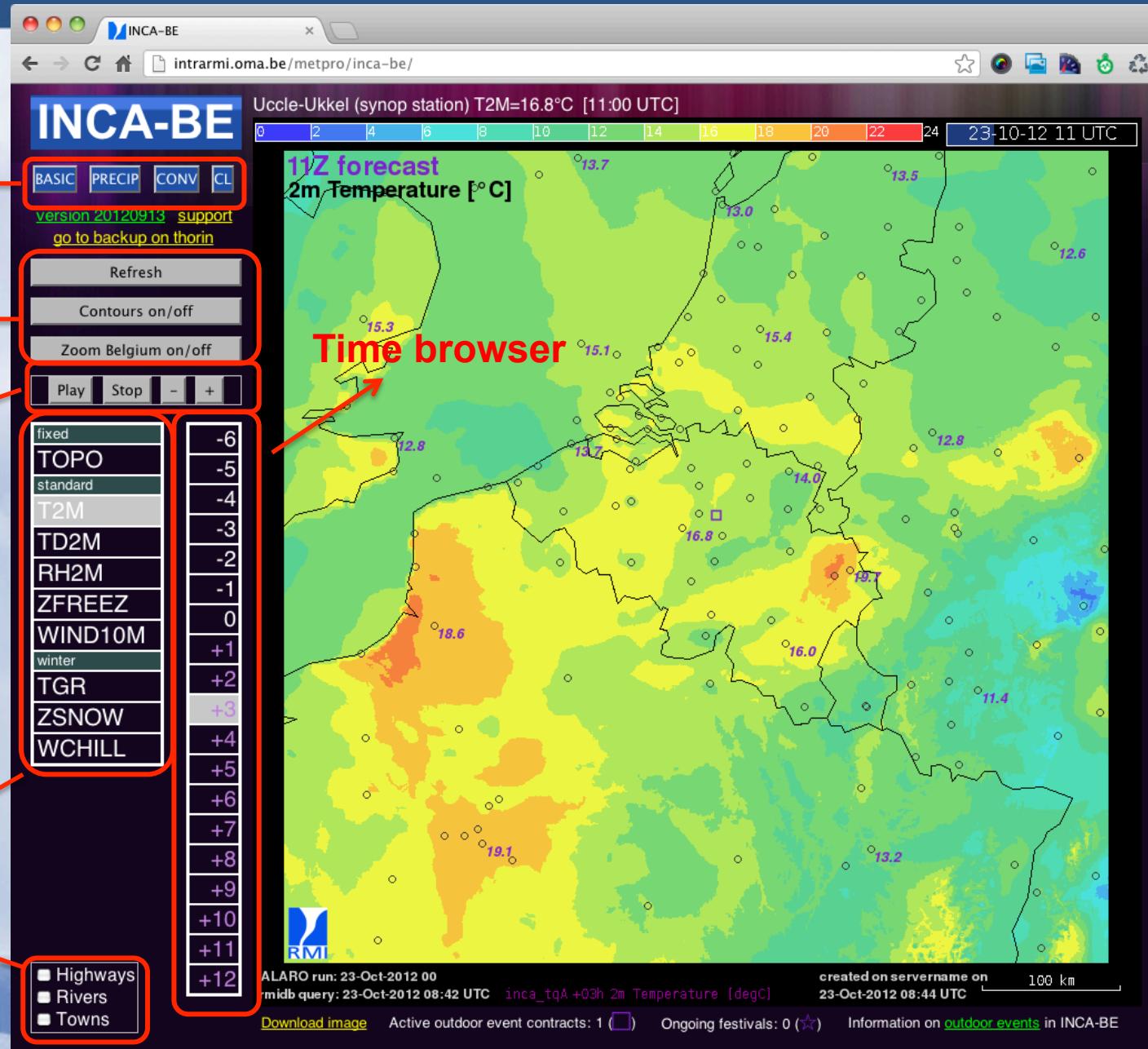
10min fields: precipitation and cloudiness

RR10MIN and PTYP	H+02', H+12', H+22', H+32', H+42', H+52'
CLOUD and VIS	H+14', H+24', H+34', H+44', H+54'
+ rerun last hour	H+04'

Output is available roughly 2 or 3 minutes after launch

→ INCA-BE generates 1680 images per hour!

INCA-BE website on intranet



INCA-BE output

<http://intrarmi.oma.be/metpro/inca-be/>

Basic fields

forecast up to 12h

time step 1h

update every hour

2m temperature

2m dewpoint

2m rel. humidity

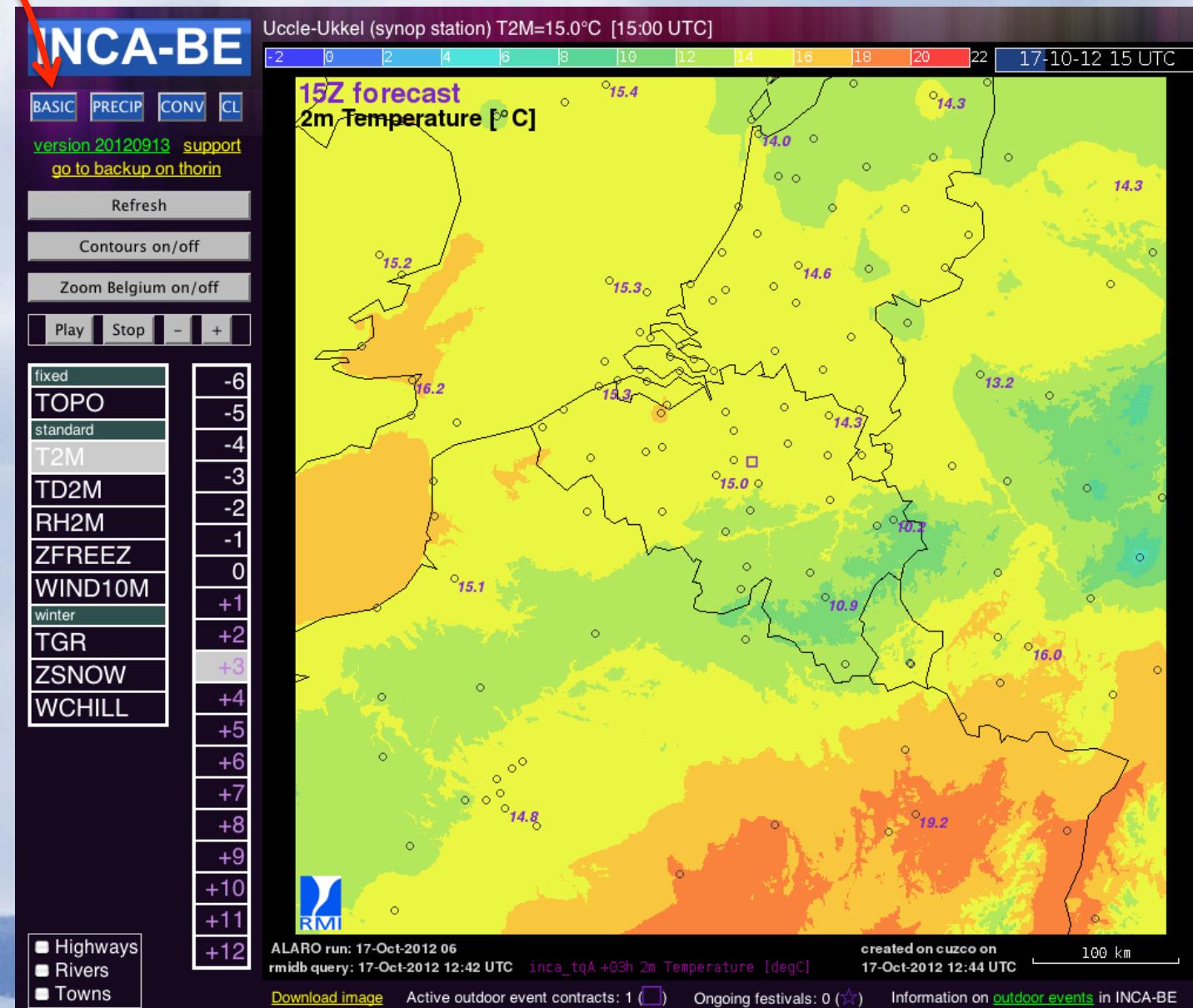
freezing level

10m wind

ground temp.

snowfall level

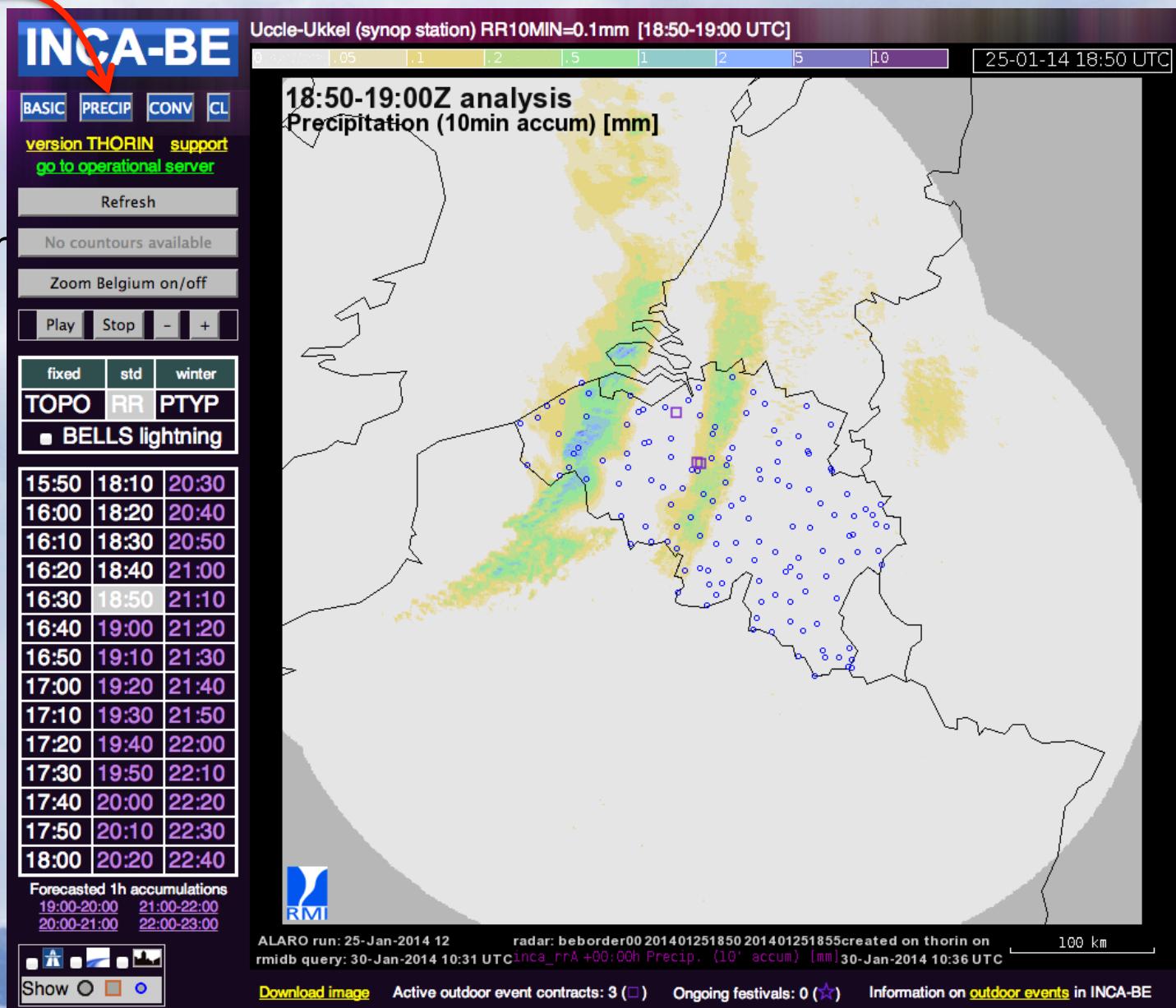
wind chill



INCA-BE output

Intranet webpage:
<http://intrarmi.oma.be/metpro/inca-be/>

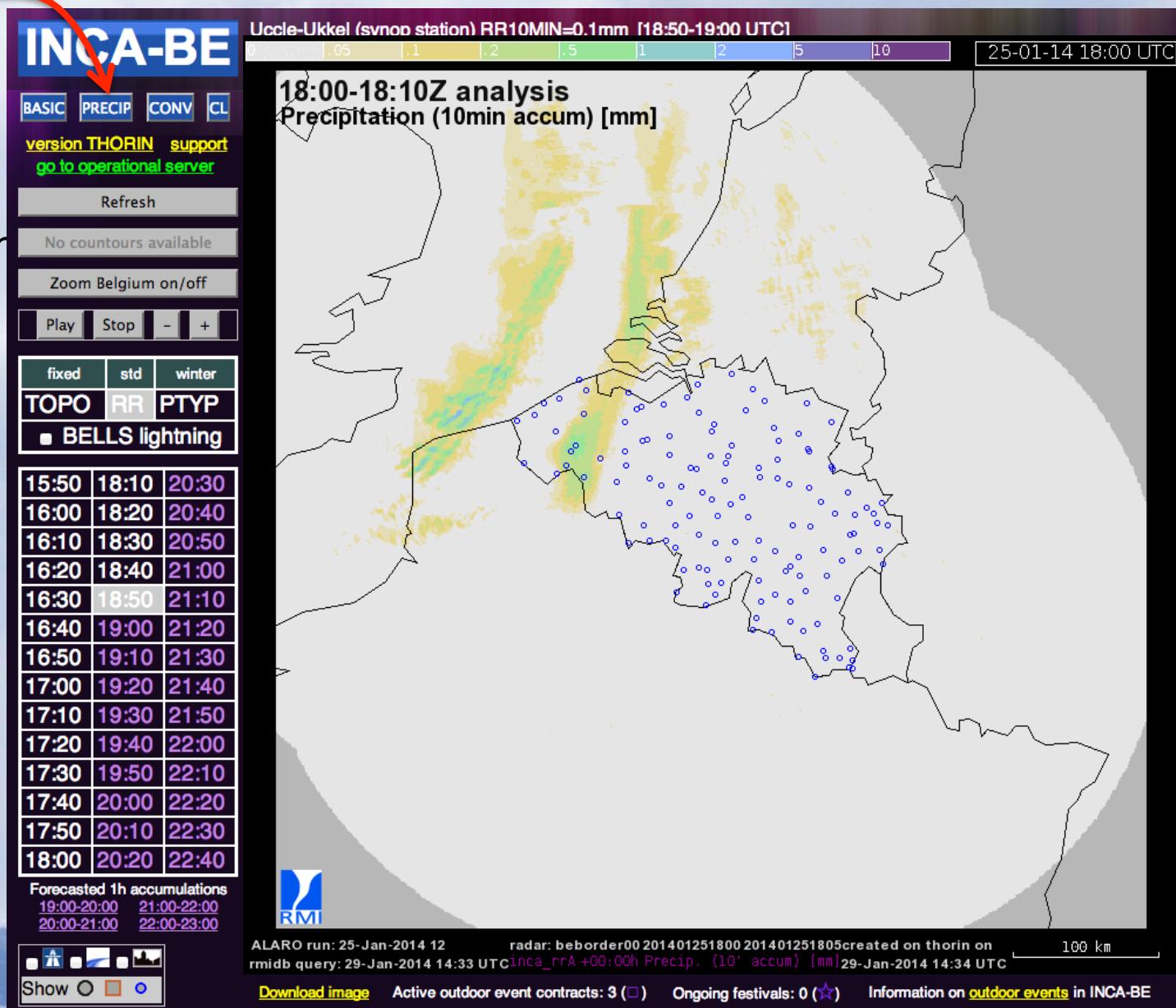
Precipitation
forecast up to 4h
time step 10min
update every 10min



INCA-BE output

Intranet webpage:
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Precipitation
forecast up to 4h
time step 10min
update every 10min

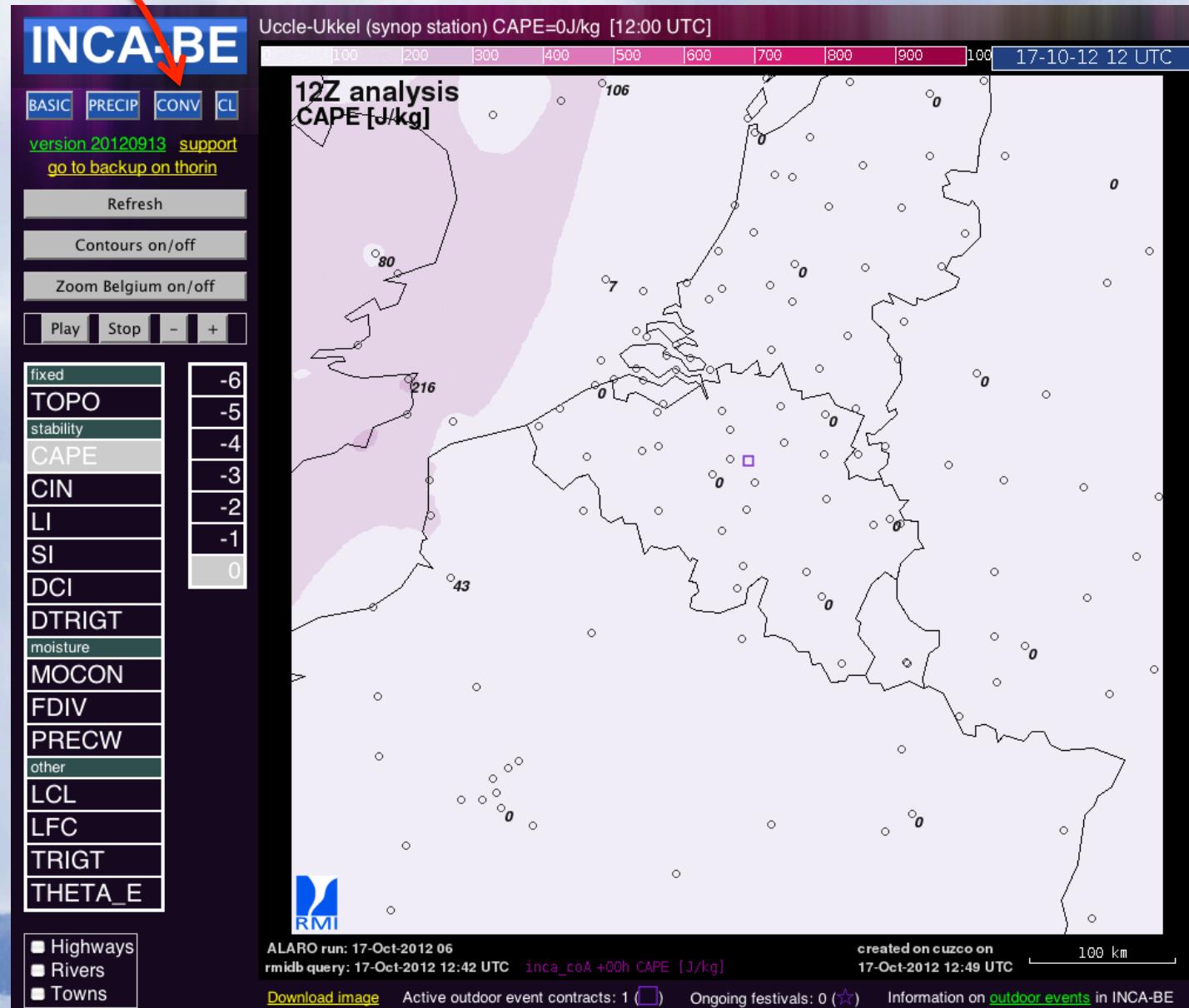


INCA-BE output

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Convective analysis
only analysis
time step 1h
update every hour

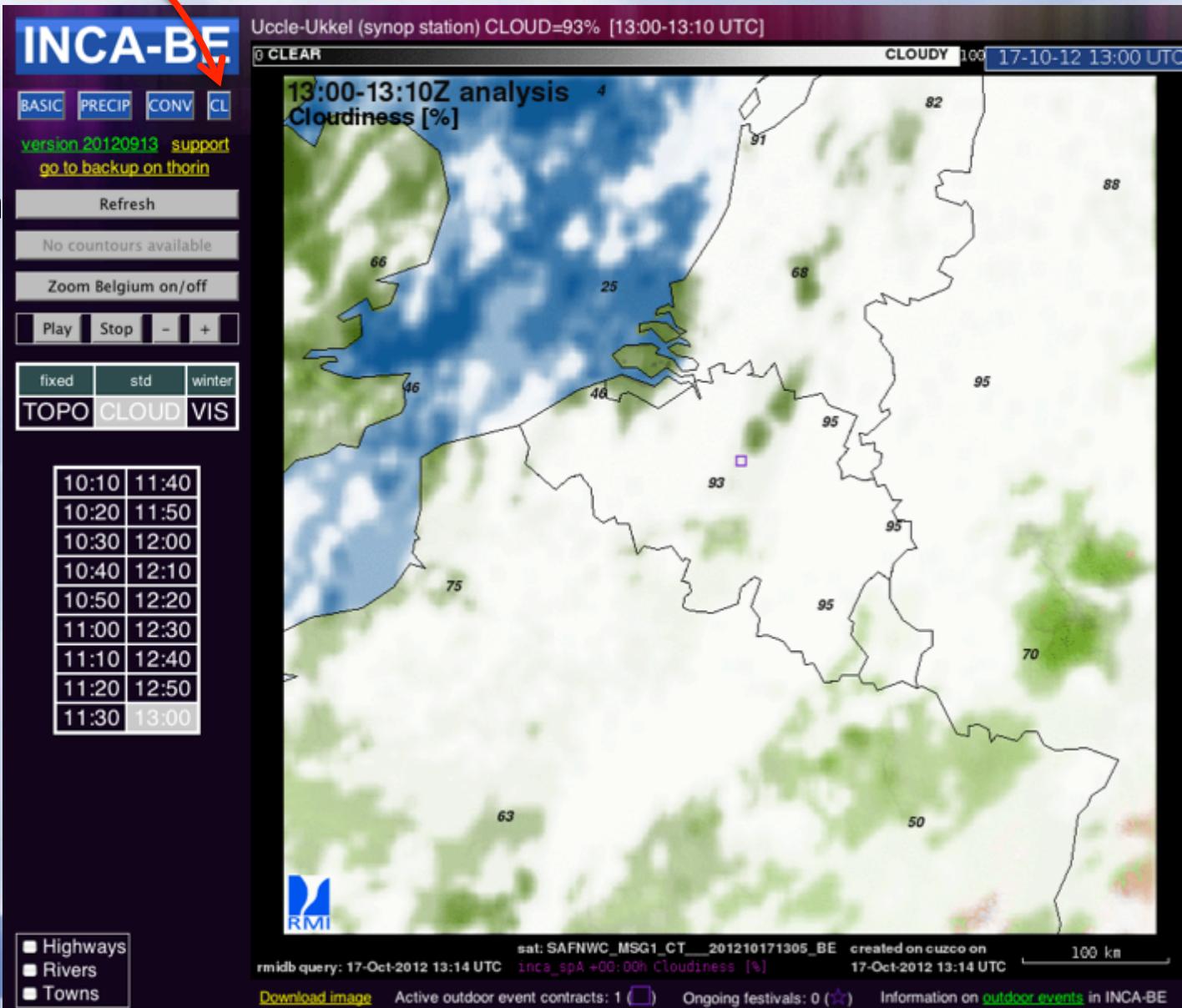
CAPE, CIN, Lifted Index, Showalter Index, Deep Convection Index, Trigger temperature deficit, Moisture convergence, Flow divergence, Precipitable water, LCL, Level of free convection, Trigger temperature, Equivalent Potential Temperature



INCA-BE output

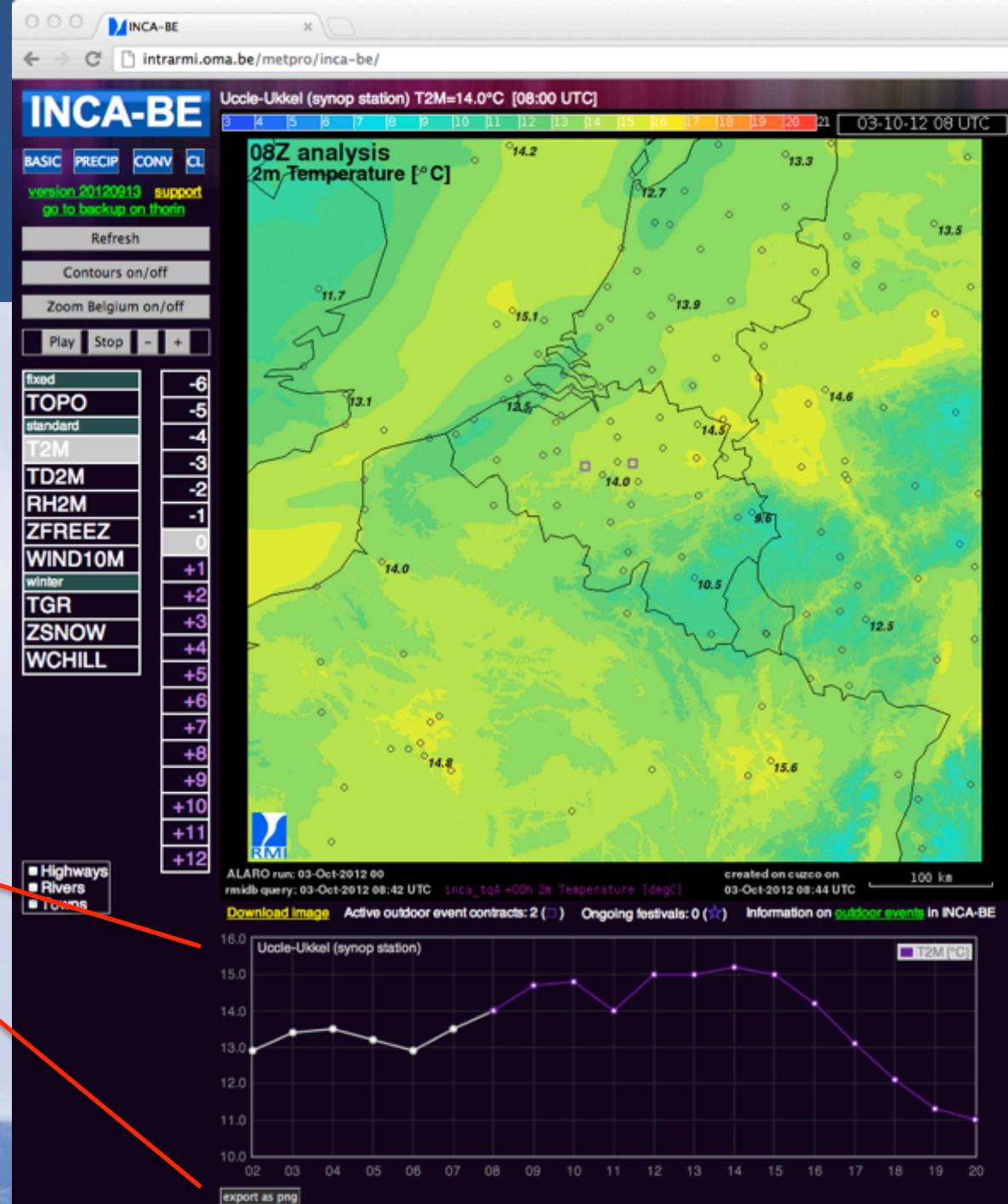
<http://intrarmi.oma.be/metpro/inca-be/>

Cloudiness fields
only analysis
time step 10min
update every 10min



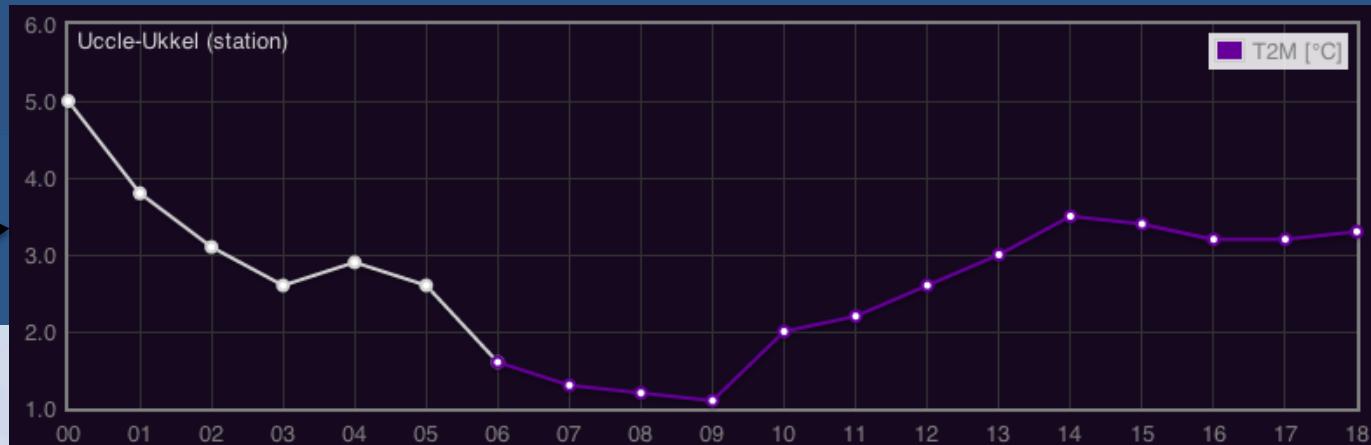
[Live demo](#)

INCA-BE website on intranet



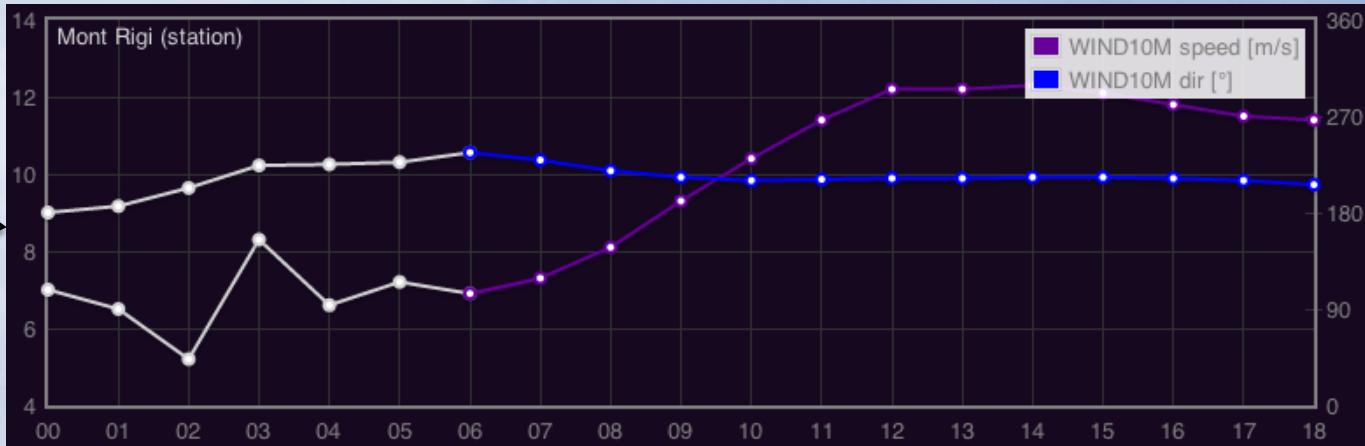
INCA-BE website on intranet

T2M

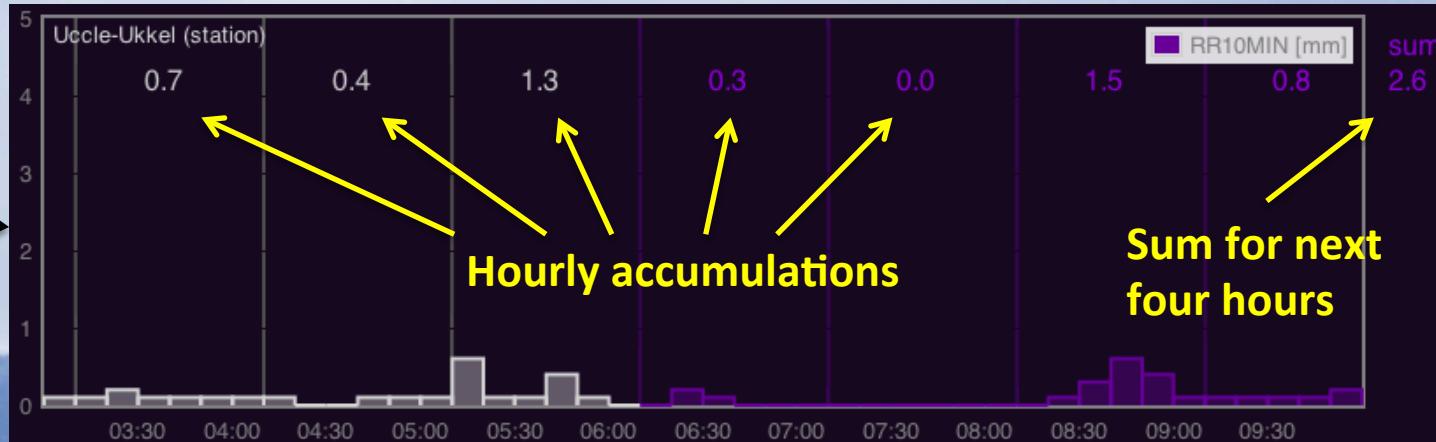


WIND10M

Examples of
meteograms



RR10MIN



INCA-BE

info page on intranet

INCA-BE

BASIC PRECIP CONV CL

version 20130517 support
[go to backup on thorin](#)

INCA-BE is the local implementation of the [INCA software from ZAMG](#) adapted for a domain centered around Belgium. INCA-BE runs on an operational machine, but it has not been officially declared operational by the direction, so there is no support by the operators for the moment.

Comments on INCA-BE are very helpful to improve the system: send them to maarten.reyniers@meteo.be.

Separate pages are available for information on the [INCA-BE Outdoor Event Forecast](#), and for the [monitoring of the ftp transfer](#) to the external clients currently evaluating INCA-BE.

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How to navigate

Legend and runtime info

Test cases

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Documentation

Further development

Latest news

17-May-2013 We are proud to announce two important steps in the implementation of INCA-BE at our institute.

1. The output of INCA-BE is now available in GRIB1 format. Currently GRIB1 files of all the 'basic' and 'precip' fields are generated by the operational server. They are available in real-time in `/home/inca_op/grb/` on host `stratus` and can be used for the generation of derived products and downstream applications.
2. The GRIB1 files are archived on the EQL NAS of the computer centre and available for all users at the RMI. The archive disk is mounted on `thorin` and accessible through `/mnt/EQL_INCABE/`. Please contact me for further details if you intend to use these data.

01-Feb-2013 In the coming months, EUMETSAT will carry out some important changes in their satellite management. The Rapid Scanning Service (RSS), on which the **Cloudiness** and **Visibility fields** critically depend, will be suspended until March 5, 2013. From that date Meteosat-9 will gradually take over the RSS, and no more outages will be expected. More information on the planning of this change can be found in the section [Notes and known issues](#).

Furthermore, two new features are added to the **precipitation module** of INCA-BE:

1. One hour accumulation forecast for the next four hours

Upon request of several forecasters, one hour accumulation forecast images are generated on top of the usual 10 min accumulation forecast. These accumulations are updated for every new INCA-BE precipitation run, so every ten minutes. They are available through the links below the time browser on the [precipitation page](#) of INCA-BE. Note that the upper limit of the colour scale of these images (20 mm) differs from the one used on the 10 minute images (10 mm).

2. New runtime strategy

The simple linear runtime scheme for the precipitation module (launch every 10') has been replaced by a more sophisticated strategy: every ten minutes the 'normal' precipitation module is launched (like before), but in addition the analysis of 10, 20 and 30 minutes ago is recalculated. This strategy has the advantage that the *analysis* is more accurate since the number of available gauges increases with elapsed time.

A last modification is done in [Outdoor Event Forecast](#) page: from now on, contracts or events in the past are greyed out in the two tables.

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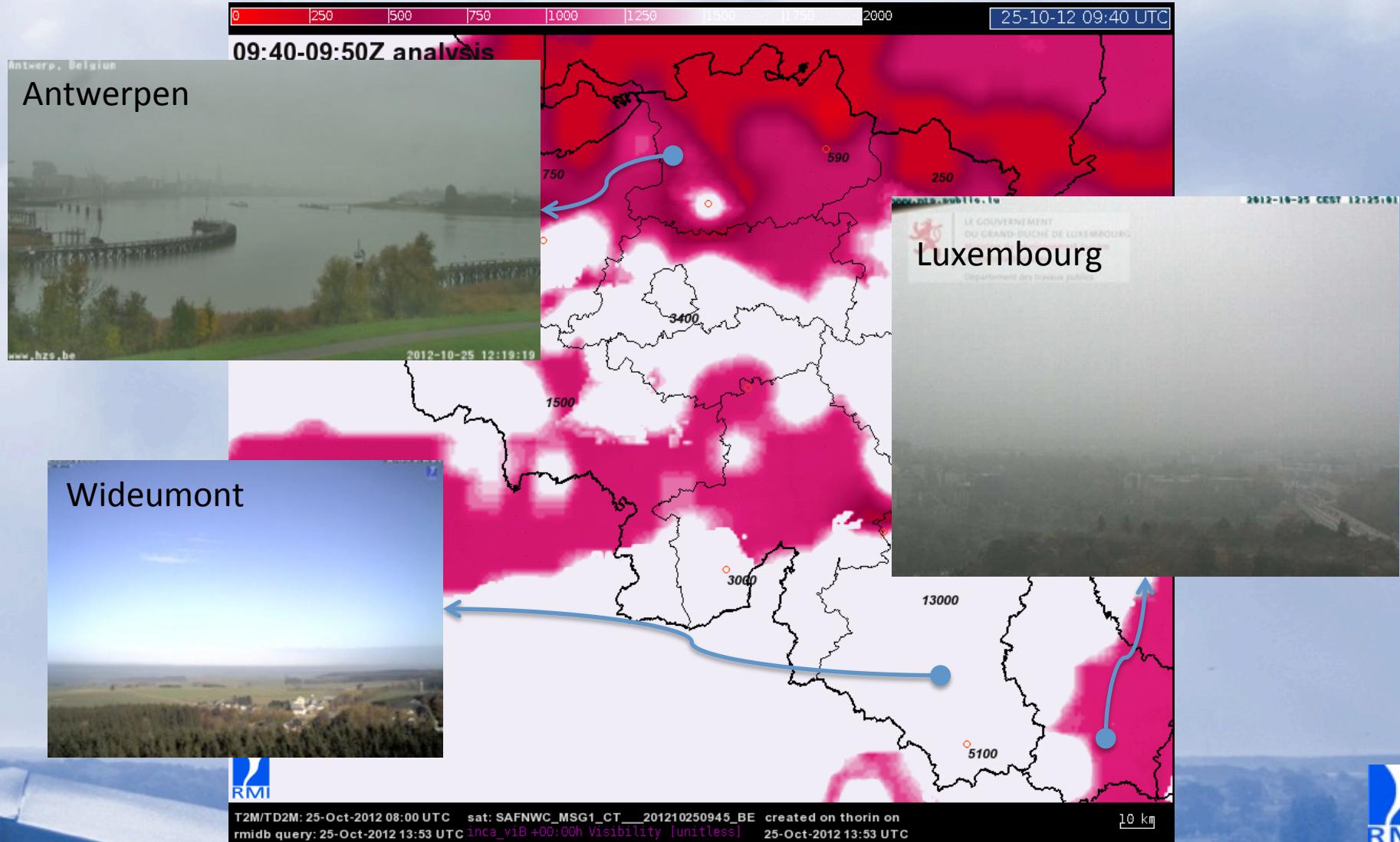
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Visibility

Visibility is an **experimental** product with promising results, but with room for improvement. Verification difficult.

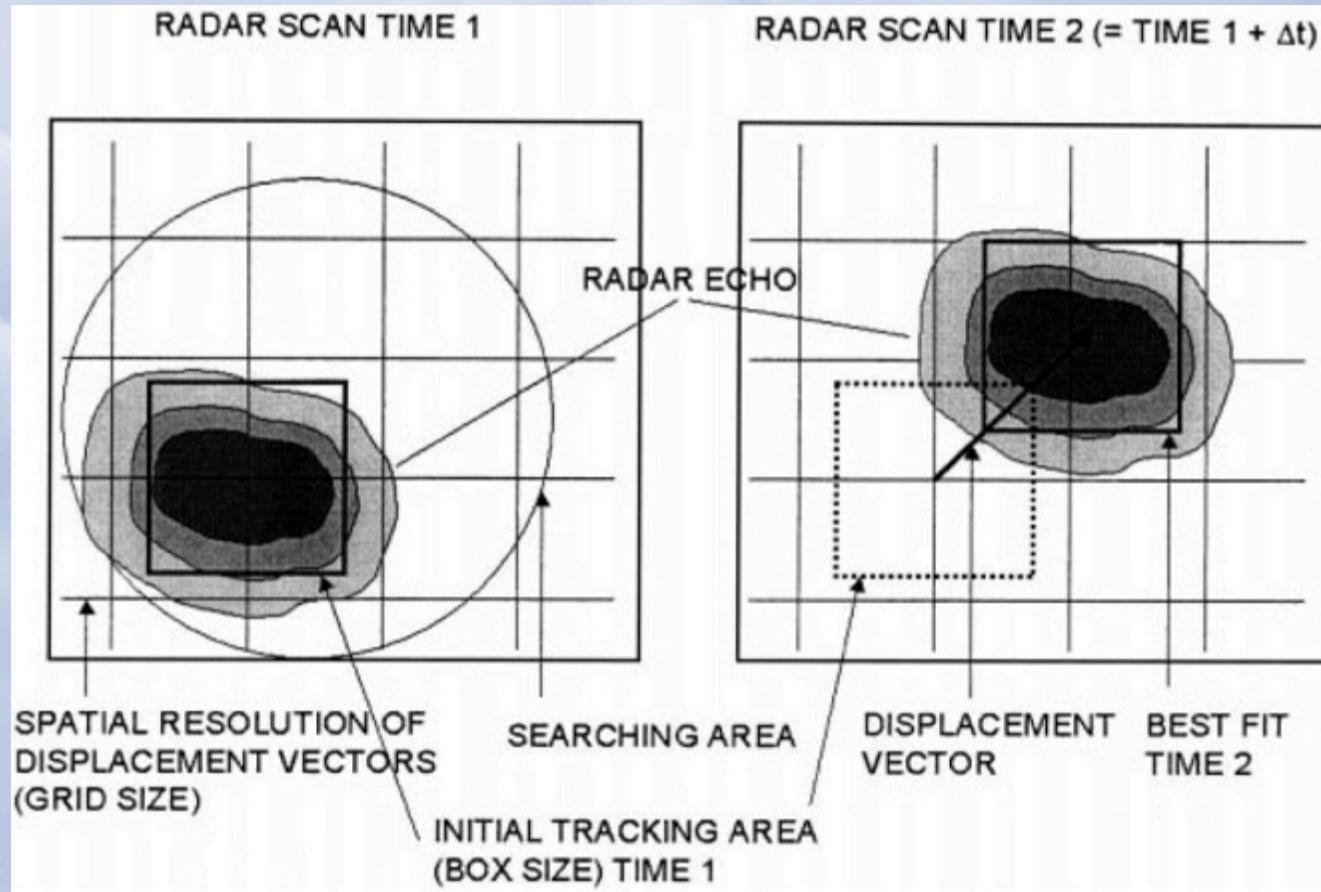


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INCA-BE precipitation forecast

INCA motion vectors are derived from consecutive INCA precipitation analyses, with an area tracking algorithm.

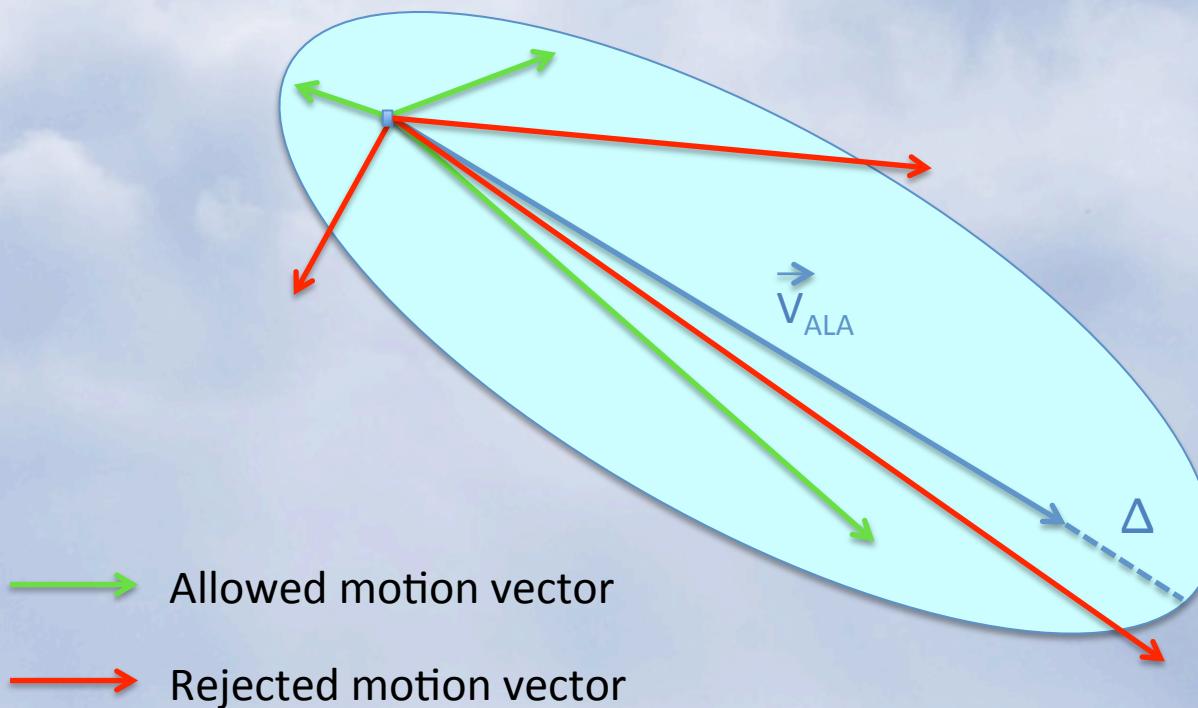


INCA-BE precipitation forecast

INCA motion vectors are filtered by the ALARO wind field at 500 and 700 hPa.

$$|\vec{V}_{KORR}| + |\vec{V}_{KORR} - \vec{V}_{ALA}| \leq |\vec{V}_{ALA}| + 2\Delta$$

5 m/s
(18 km/h)

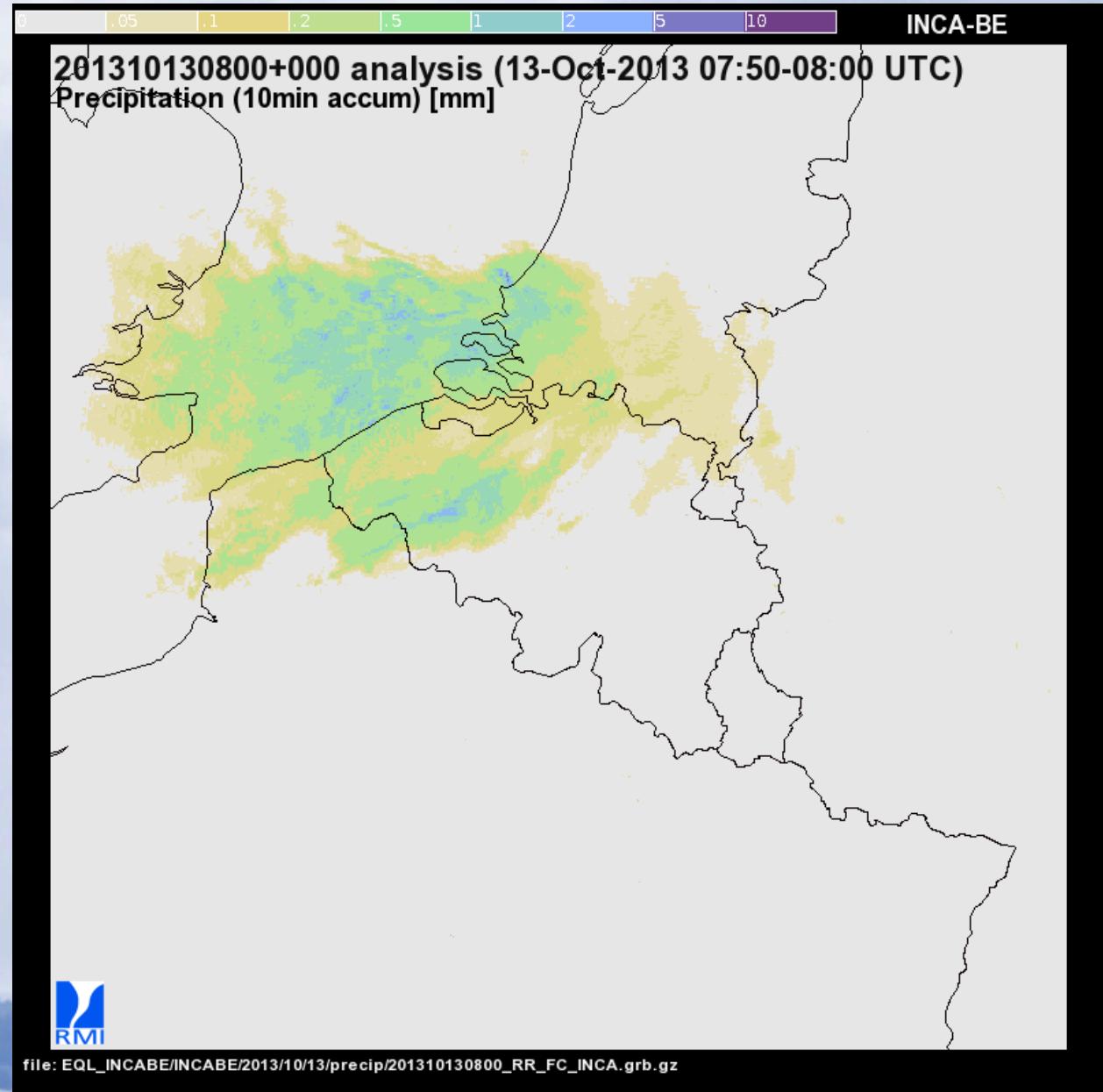


INCA-BE precipitation forecast

0h-2h: pure translational forecast (with motion vectors as explained above)

2h-4h: model is injected into forecast.

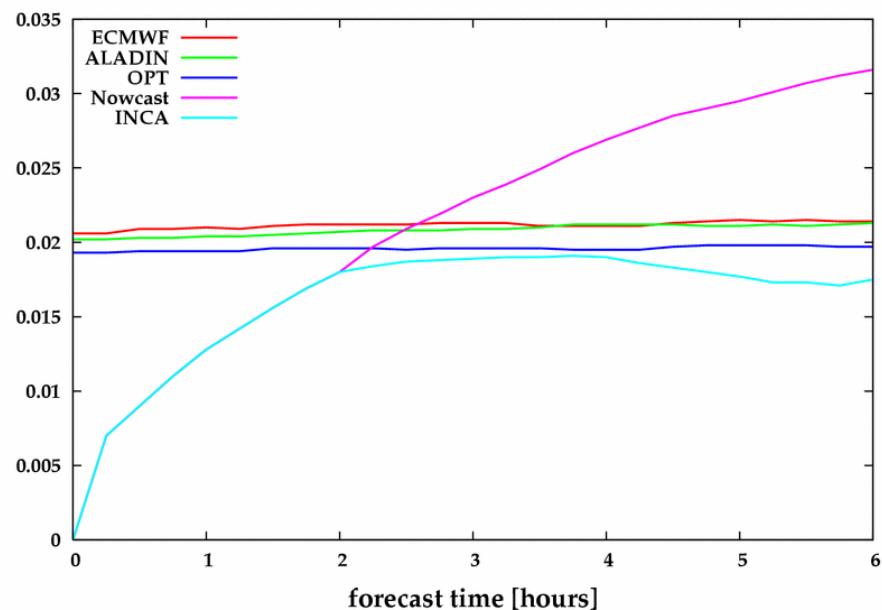
Small jumps in space can occur in precipitation from ALARO, since this field is only available once per hour.



INCA precipitation forecast verification

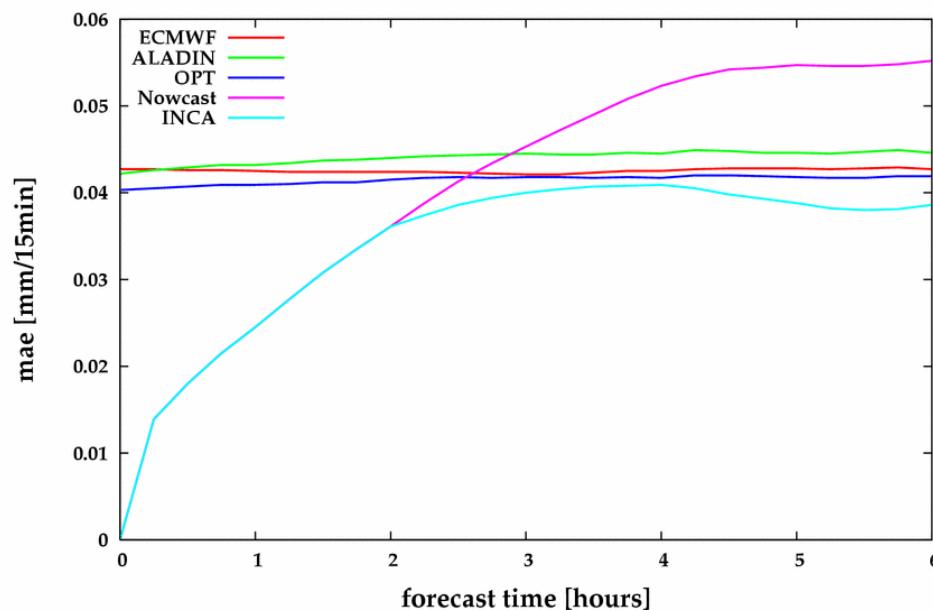
MAE Winter 2008/2009

Measure: mae, period: 200810010000 to 200904010000, area: vbd13



MAE Summer 2009

Measure: mae, period: 200904010000 to 200910010000, area: vbd13



INCA-BE precipitation type algorithm

Precipitation type algorithm uses near-surface information (T_{2M} , T_w wet bulb, TGR) and upper-air information (ZSNOW):

- 1) $T_w < +2^\circ\text{C}$:

Determine whether surface elevation is

- *below* (rain),
- *in* (mix rain/snow) or
- *above* (snow) ZSNOW level layer.

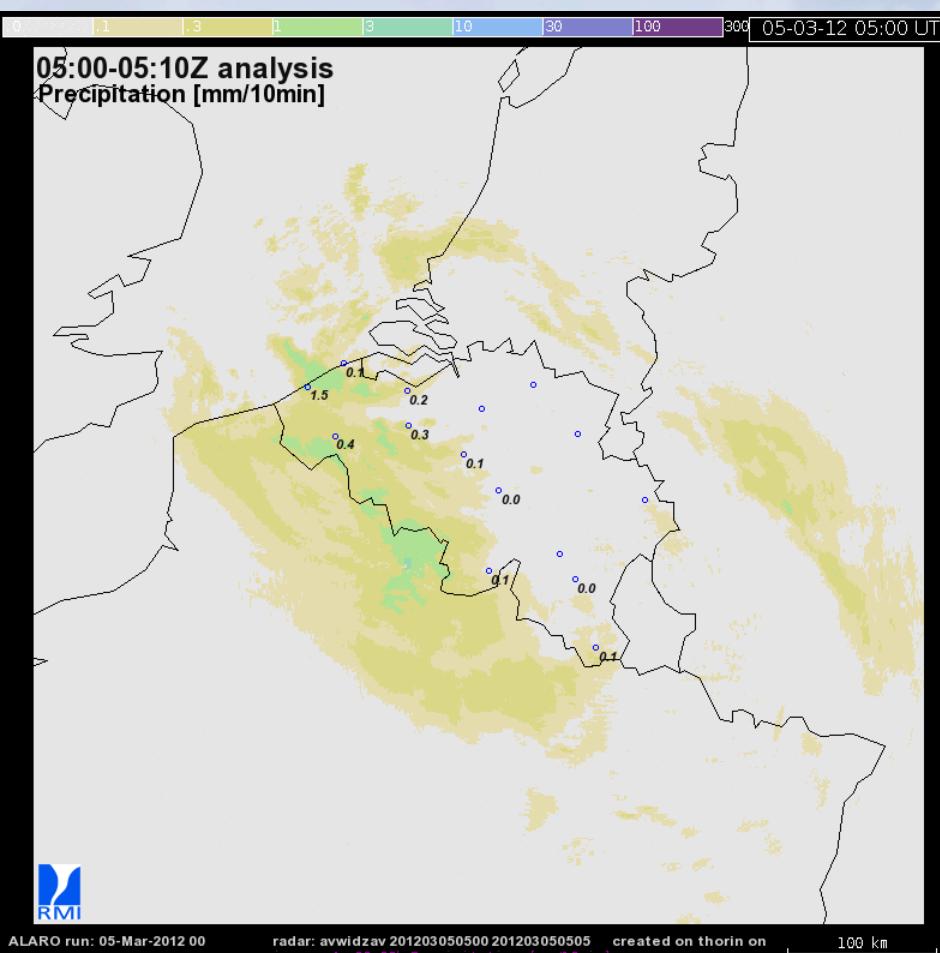
Width of melting layer (around ZSNOW) is currently fixed at 200m

- 2) $T_w \geq +2^\circ\text{C}$: rainfall is diagnosed
- 3) If rain is diagnosed: extra test for **freezing rain**: either air temp. or ground temp. is $< 0^\circ\text{C}$ (latter case air temp has to be $<+2^\circ\text{C}$ as well).

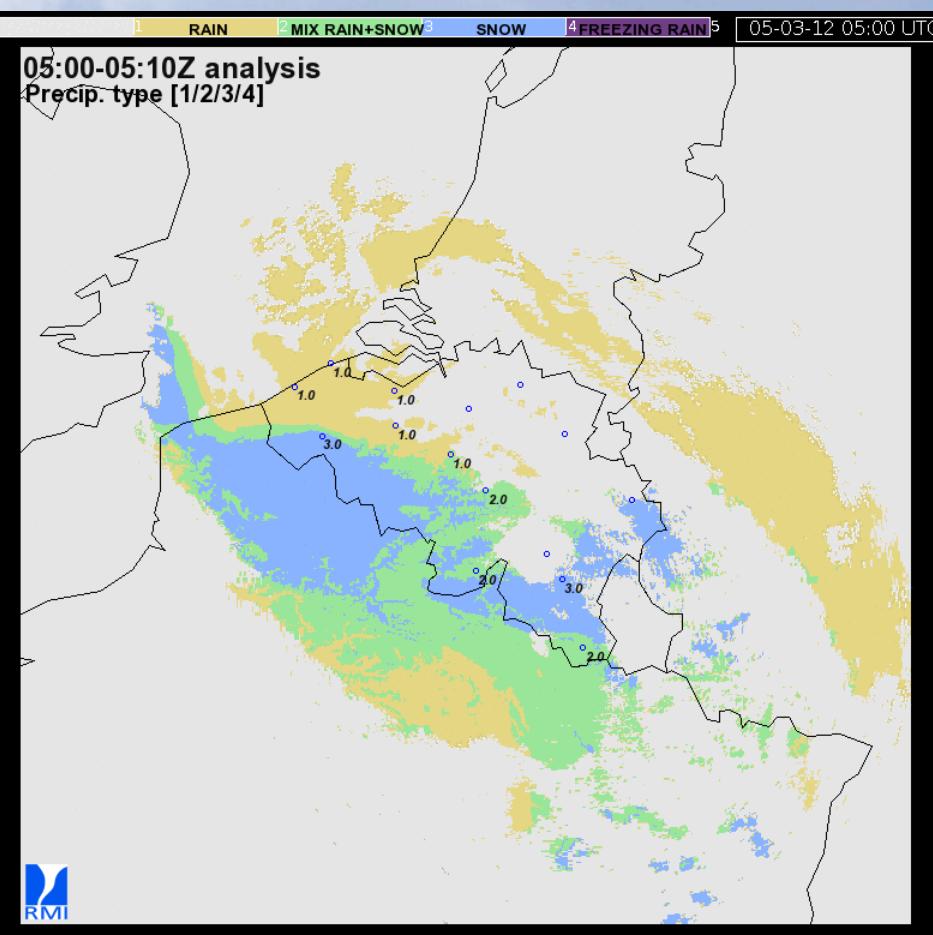
INCA-BE precipitation type example

Example 05.03.2012

Precipitation intensity

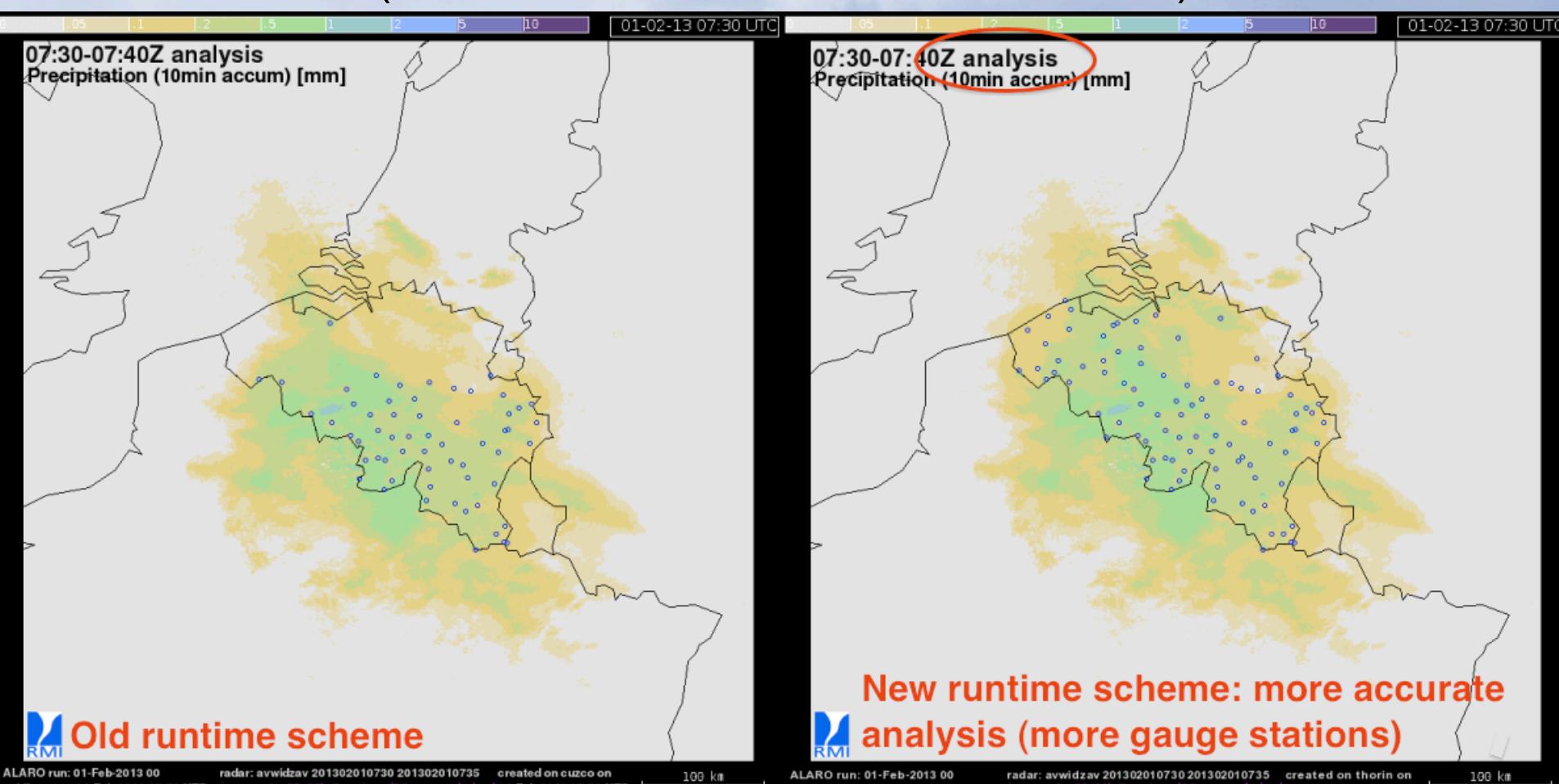


Precipitation type



INCA-BE runtime strategy precipitation

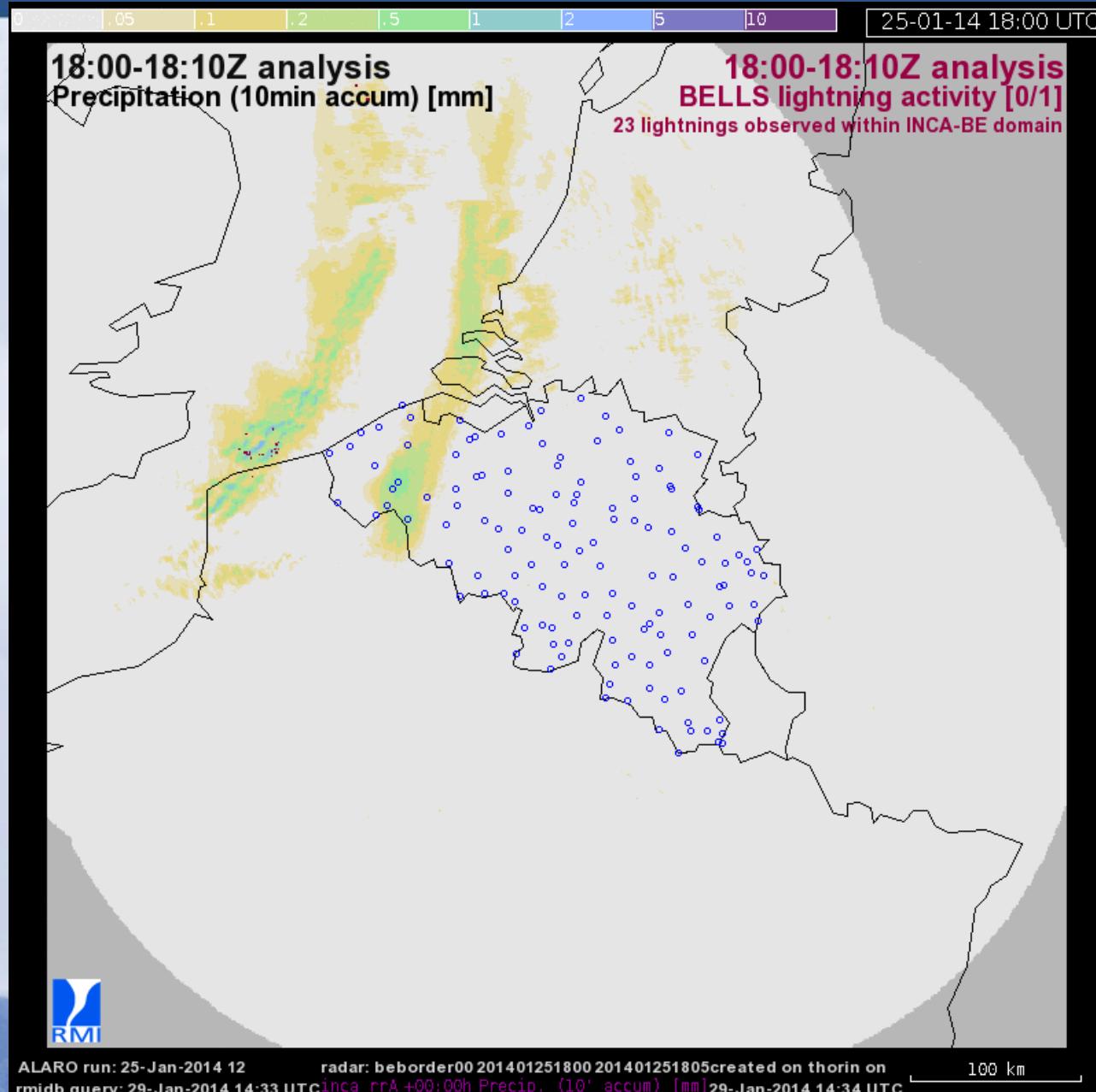
- **Runtime strategy for the precipitation module:** for every timestep (every 10 minutes), the precipitation module is repeated four times: respectively for 30, 20, 10 minutes ago and for the current time (also motion vectors are re-calculated).



INCA-BE lightning forecast

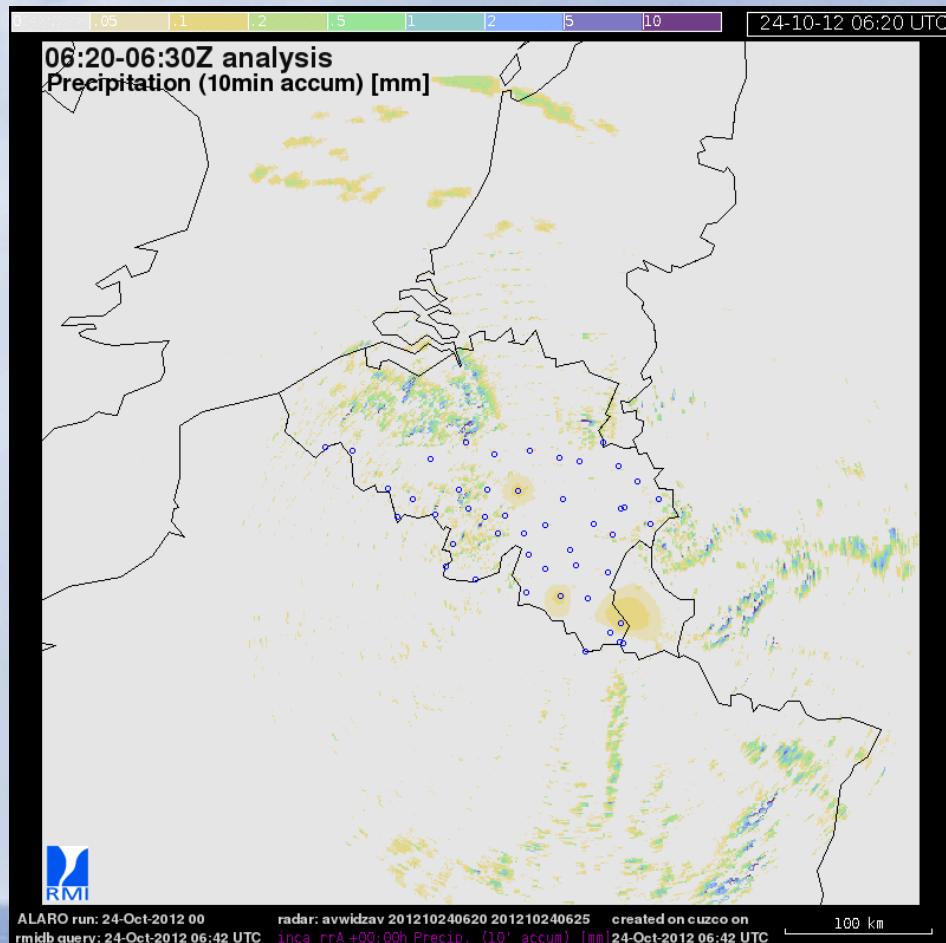
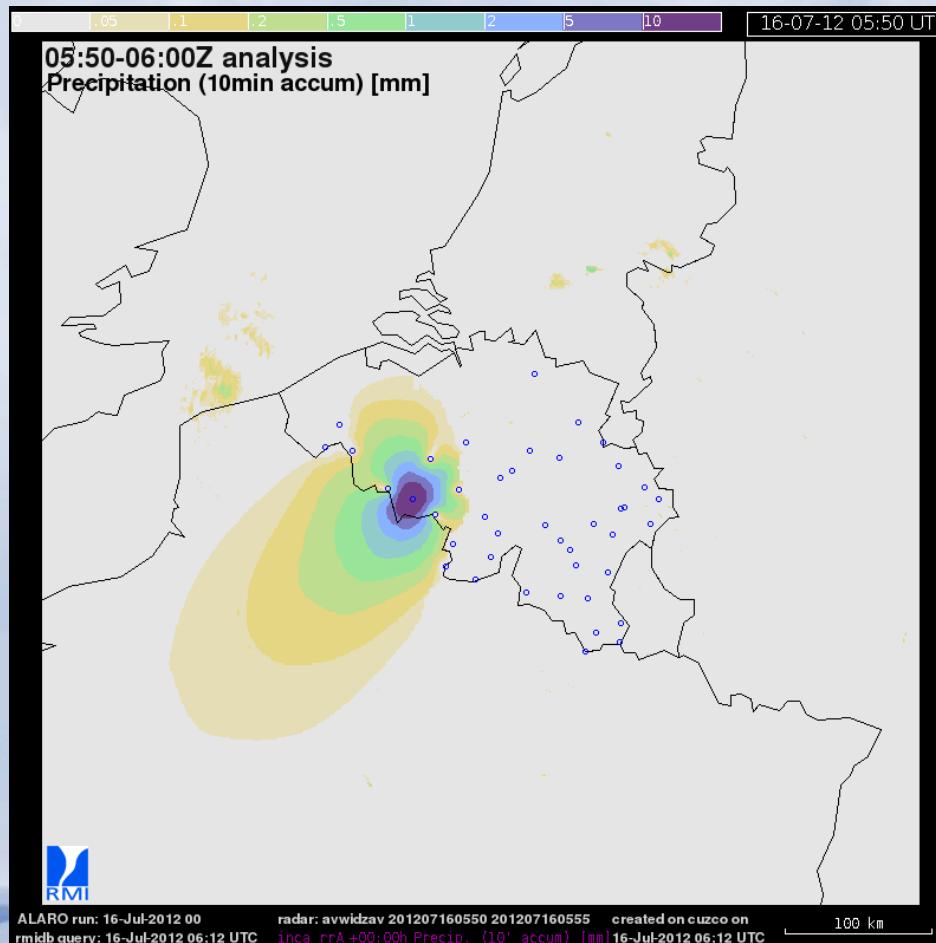
Addition of “lightning activity” field defined as follows: for each INCA-BE gridbox, it is 1 if at least one lightning (intracloud or cloud-to-ground) is observed in that gridbox, 0 otherwise.

Forecast: advect with precipitation.



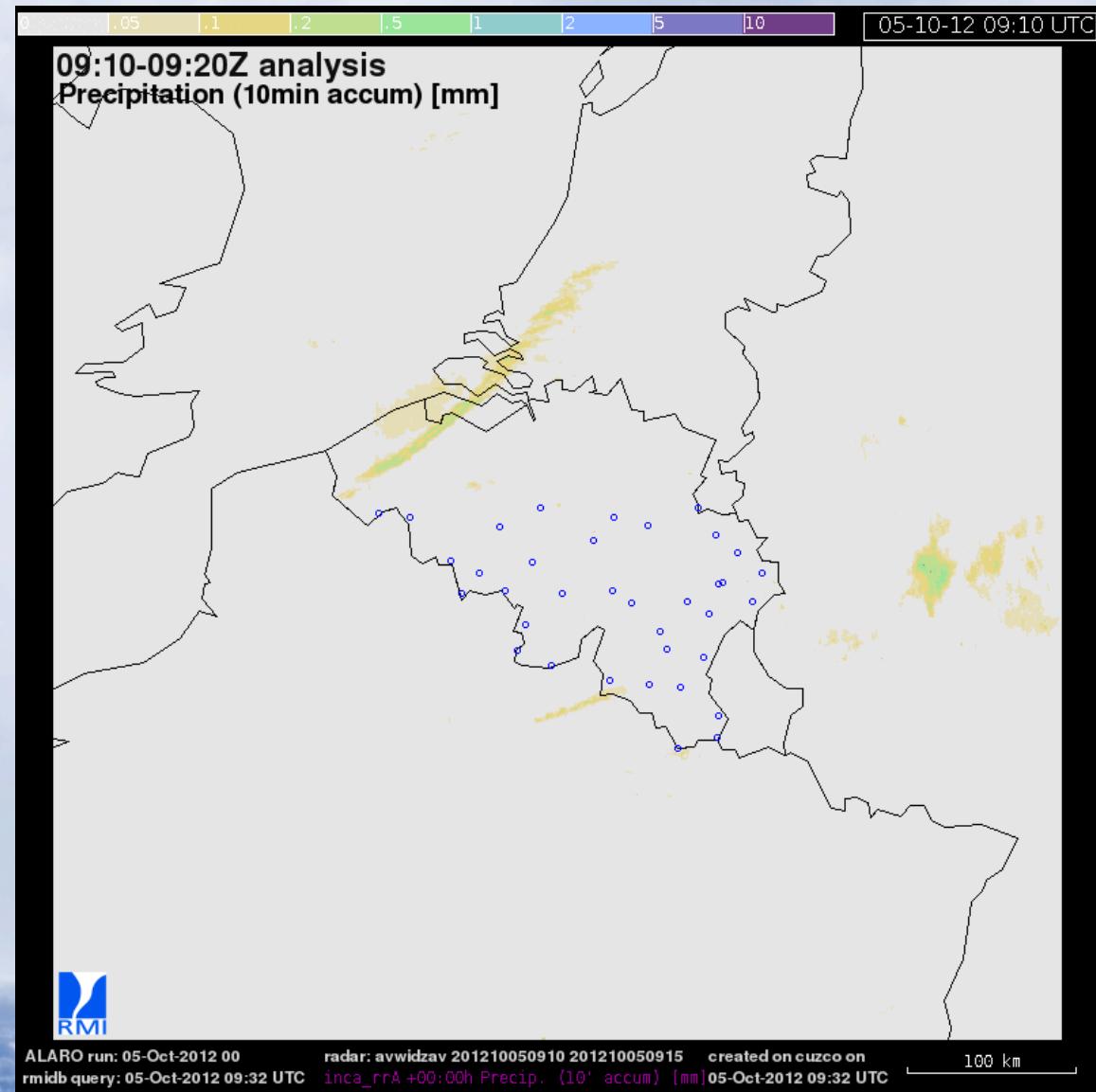
INCA-BE precipitation: known issues

- **Extension stations** towards neighbour countries
- **Quality control of input data** (QC stations, filtering radar)



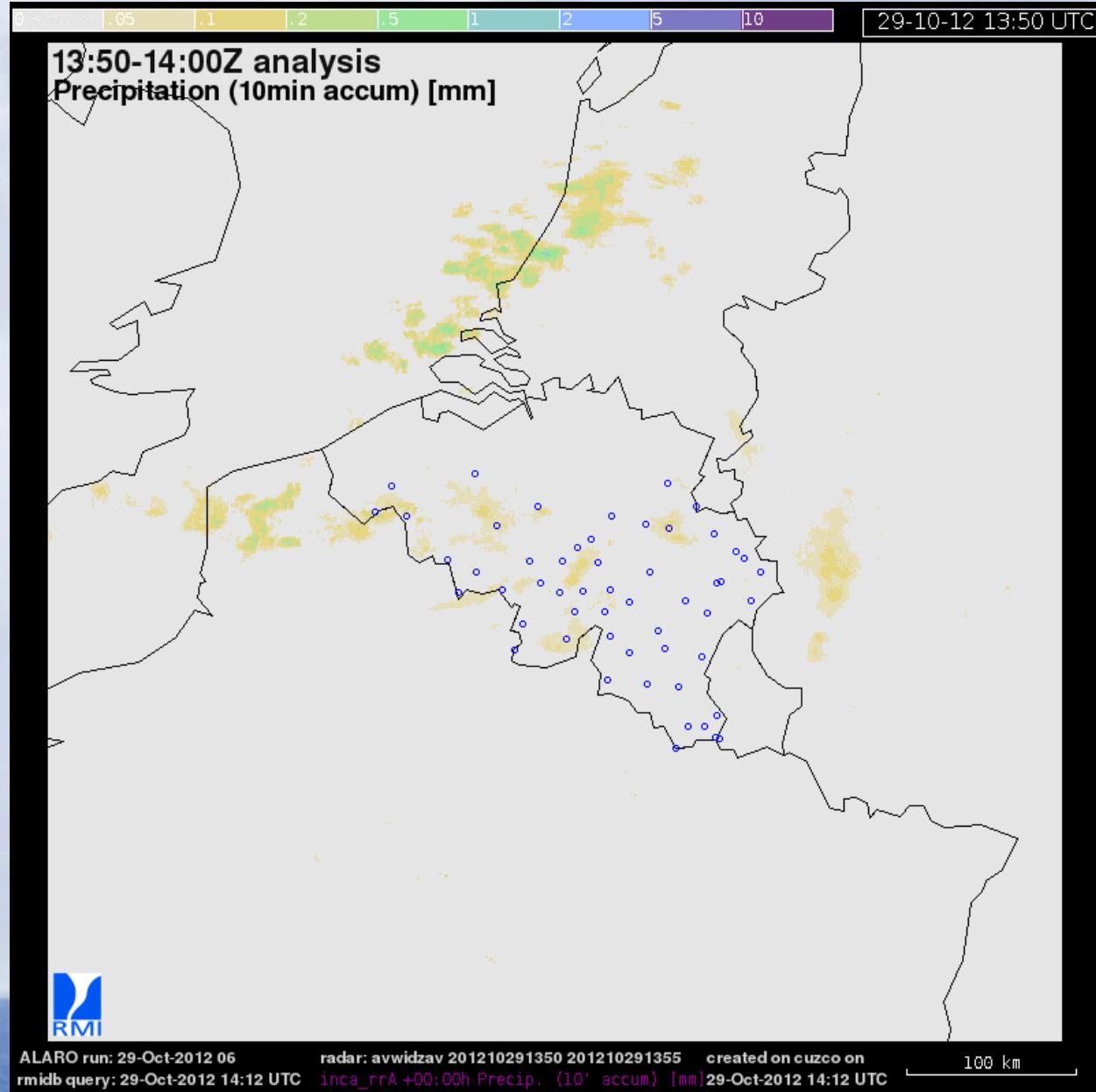
INCA-BE precipitation: known issues

- Radar-gauge merging technique can be improved; our group has the expertise (Goudenhoofdt & Delobbe, 2009)



INCA-BE precipitation: known issues

- Phase shifts
between radar and
model can occur



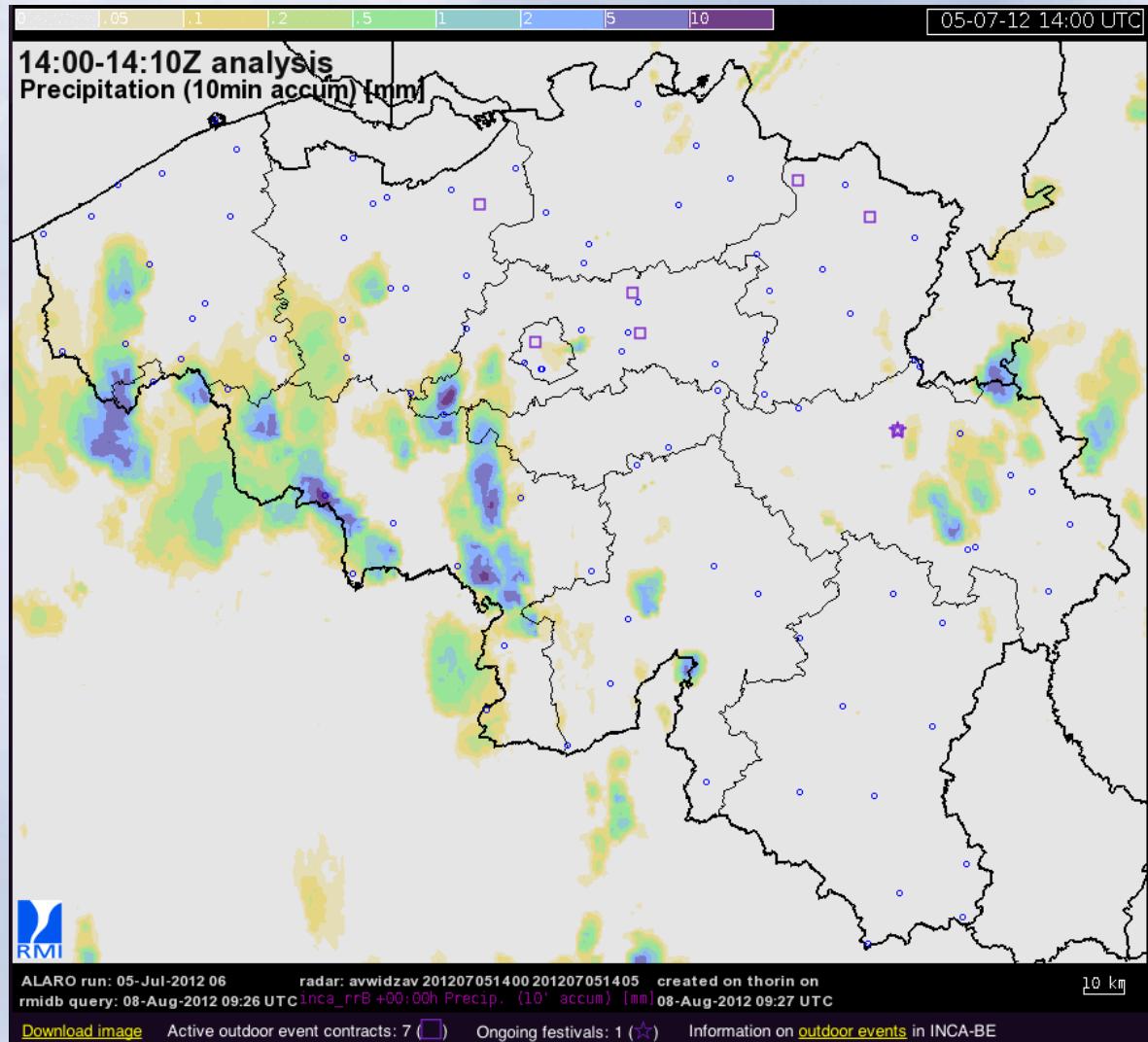
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Application: Outdoor Event Forecast

The events with contract are integrated in INCA-BE:

- ongoing contracts are marked with 
- ongoing festivals with 
- meteograms are generated by clicking on this mark



Application: Outdoor Event Forecast

Outdoor Event Forecast product: package for event organisers.

Contains:

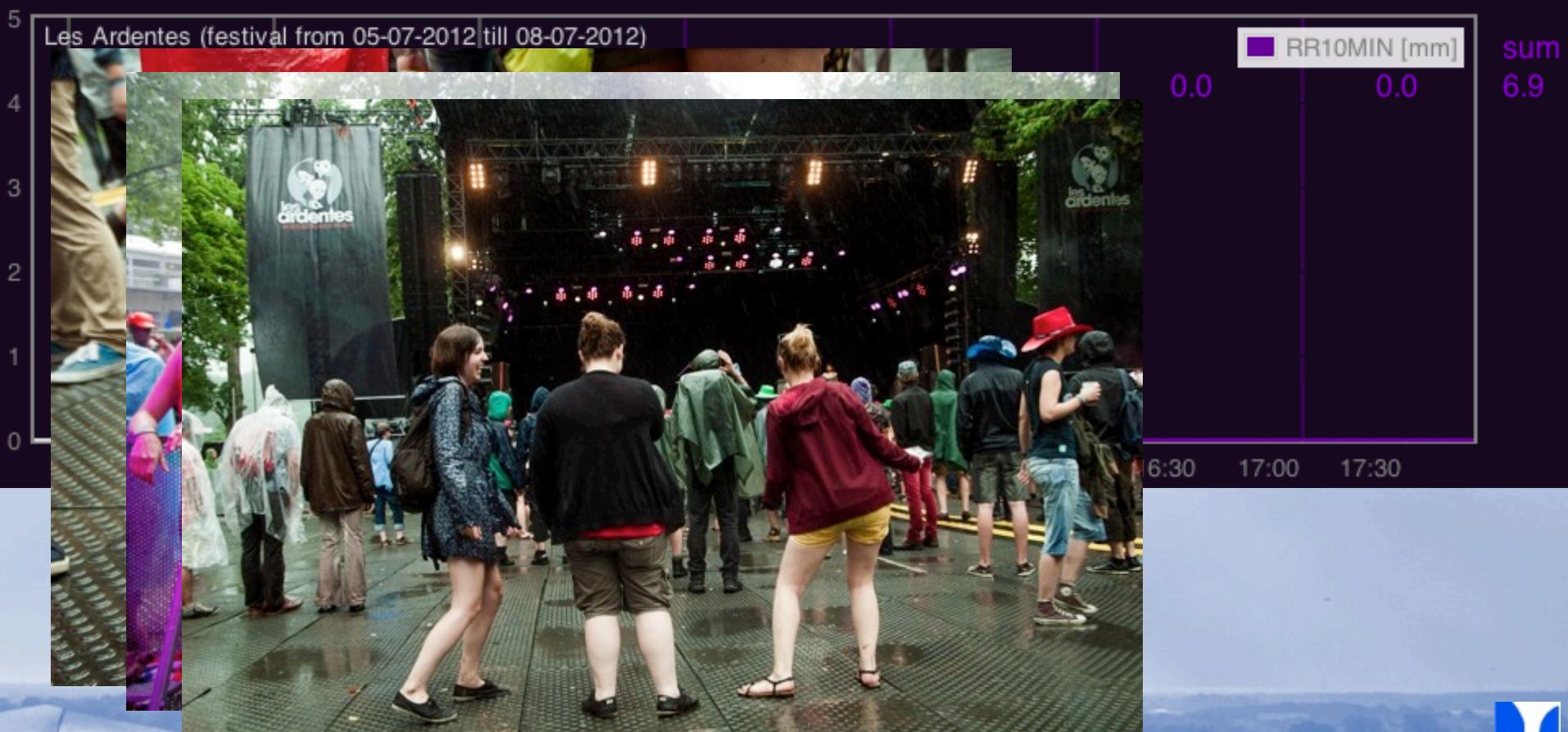
- Customized version of MyMeteo
- SMS warning
- At day of event: privileged contact with forecaster by phone

The screenshot shows the 'My Meteo' application interface. At the top, there is a green header bar with the 'My Meteo' logo, a user profile icon, and 'Mijn profiel - Logout'. Below the header is a navigation bar with 'Home' and 'Producten ▾' buttons. The main content area displays eight cards arranged in two rows of four. The first row contains: 'Radarbeelden' (Radar images) showing a map with precipitation levels; 'Verwachtingen' (Expectations) showing a grid of weather data; 'Safir lokalisatie' (Safir localization) showing a map with green dots; and 'Safir densiteit' (Safir density) showing a map of Belgium with colored regions. The second row contains: 'Waarschuwingen' (Warnings) and 'Avertissements' (Alerts), both showing a list of warnings with small preview images; 'Hagel' (Hail) showing a map with a large hail symbol; 'Waarschuwingen' (Warnings) showing a detailed warning message; 'Weerbericht' (Weather report) showing a small preview image; and 'Contact voorspeller' (Contact forecaster) showing a green phone icon. A red arrow points from the bottom right towards the 'Contact voorspeller' card.

Application: Outdoor Event Forecast

Example: convective cells hitting the Les Ardentes festival (Liège) on 05.07.2012, around 17:00 LT (15:00 UT).

RR10MIN meteogram generated by INCA-BE at 14:00 UT.



INCA-BE application: external clients

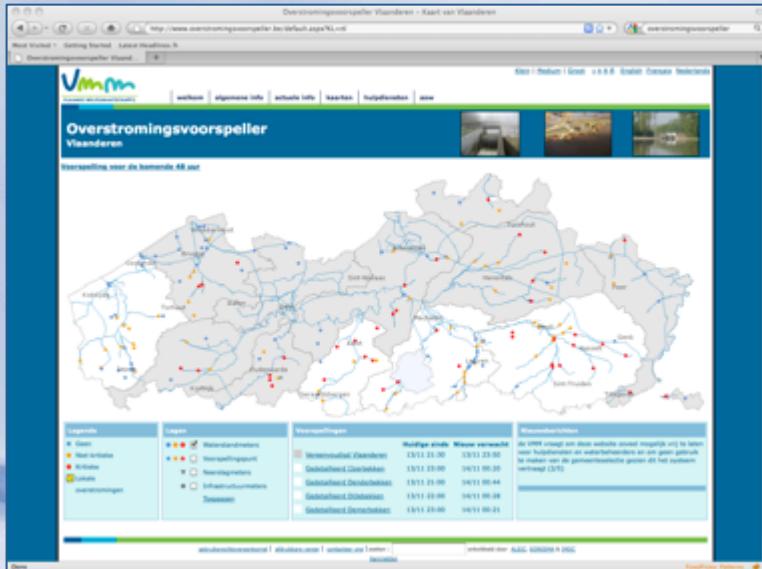
Dissemination to **external clients** since spring/summer 2013

Hydrological services of Flanders and Wallonia: precipitation

Belgocontrol (Belgian aviation agency): all fields

Road management: point forecasts of precipitation to control lighting on highways (4 month test)

Near future: MeteoLux, MeteoWing (Belgian army)



Latest developments

- One-day INCA-BE training for our **forecasters** (dec. 2012)
- Created a step-by-step INCA-BE troubleshooting guide

INCA-BE troubleshooting

in case of absence of your local INCA-BE guru

Version: 22 July 2013

Important note in advance: INCA-BE is not yet officially operational. Hence we are not obliged to immediately solve a problem with the system. However, quite some clients do receive INCA-BE output for evaluation purposes: AWY, [Belgometeo Setup](#) and VMM. It is therefore in our own benefit to keep an eye on the health of the system.

The system is very stable, and up to now the number of interventions was limited to a few per year. In by far most of the cases, there was a problem with the input data in INCA-BE. In that case, the problem is not related to the system itself, and the system or module will resume automatically if the input channel is restored.

Nevertheless, if you do notice a problem with the system, or you are contacted by someone else with the information that the system or some parts have stopped, you can follow these steps to locate the problem and take further action.

STEP 1 Go to http://intranet.meteo.be/metapro/inca-be/inca-be_info.php. If this webpage cannot be reached, there is a problem with the intranet server. Go to someone of the [links](#) to report this. If it is reachable, go to STEP 2.

STEP 2 Go to the section [Legend and routine information](#) on this webpage, and search for the red crosses (on the right hand side of the table). If all modules are running (every line in the table is marked by a green , then go to STEP 4. If some or all fields have this , check the following possibilities:

STEP 2.1 INCA-BE critically depends on the ALARO-4km model and its output on server [anemos](#). If the ALARO-4km seems to have stopped (for the line "Module NWP2INCA"), contact the operators or directly Olivier Latasa who manages the operational runs of our NWP models. Another possibility is that server [anemos](#) is down. Contact the operators to report this. Everest is an operational machine, so they should take immediate action.

STEP 2.2 In case of a total blockage (all fields are marked) it is possible that the operational server of INCA-BE, which is [cacaus.meteo.be](#), is down. You can check this by doing a 'ping' to this server from another machine (inside the RMF). Contact the operators and they should take action immediately ([cacaus](#) has operational status). The [sysadmin](#) who manages this virtual server is Tom [Milleman](#).

STEP 3 If only one or a few lines in the table [Legend and routine information](#) have a red cross, and the rest is green (, then INCA-BE is running, but there are problems with individual modules. Check whether the problematic module is a 'basic', 'precip', 'canarie' or 'cloud' field. Based on this category, there are several possibilities:

STEP 3.1 If the stopped field is a 'basic' or '[canarie](#)' field, then it might be possible that INCA-BE cannot connect to the database. Check if the database is reachable by logging in to it. If you do not have an account for Oracle, ask someone from the Laka to check it for you. If the database is reachable, but there is a problem with the transfer of the SYNOPT data to the database (no SYNOPT tables are updated), this might also stop INCA-BE. Check the latest data in the tables AWS_10MIN, AWS_1HOUR and SYNOPT_FOREIGN, or ask someone of the [links](#) to do it for you.

STEP 3.2 If the stopped field is a 'precip' field, then it is highly likely that there is no recent radar composite available. INCA-BE still uses the 'old' composite [anemos_radarcomps](#). [Zarougen](#) and [Ri](#) copies the composite from our local NAS (not the R&D-NAS) mounted on apt (through the [apt](#) account) to [cacaus](#). The crucial line in the INCA-BE script is [http://intranet.meteo.be/metapro/inca-be/inca-be_info.php?script=check_radarcomps_routine&product=precip×tep=1000000000000000000](#), where [timestep](#) contains the timestamp. The composite net being available at this location can have several reasons:

- server [apt](#) is not reachable, or it refuses connections
- the NAS is not mounted properly on apt
- there is a problem with the composite generation: check if this is the case by looking at the latest output on http://intranet.meteo.be/inca-be/radar/awxradarcomp_routine. In all of these cases, the best solution is to contact Christophe immediately and ask him to look at the problem (probably he is already aware of the problem).

STEP 3.3 If the stopped module is a 'cloud' field (cloudiness or visibility), the problem can be that the SAOP nowcasting product "[CTYPE](#)" ([cloudtypes](#)) is not available. The cloudiness module critically depends on this SAOPNC product. The CTYPE product is copied from server [extcont](#) (through the [apt](#) account), and the crucial line in the INCA-BE script is [http://intranet.meteo.be/metapro/inca-be/inca-be_info.php?script=check_ctype_routine&product=CTYPE×tep=1000000000000000000](#). If [extcont](#) is up, but the product is not available, check the Meteosat satellite in the EUIMET-SAT website. The satellite to be checked is the RSS service of Meteosat-9 (takes over by Meteosat-9 two days per month) at <http://www.eumetsat.org/TOS5/websitem/checkbox/doctype.php>. If a problem is reported there, just wait till the service is restored again. If there is no problem reported on the EUIMET-SAT website, contact Nicolas [Clerchaux](#) or someone of his colleagues to check if the SAOP nowcasting (which runs locally at the RMF) is up and running.

STEP 4 If all modules are running (every line in the table is marked by a green , but an external client (AWY, [Belgometeo Setup](#) or VMM) is reporting that he has not received INCA-BE data, [cacaus](#) probably has a problem with the ftp service. Check whether this is the case on this machine with [http://intranet.meteo.be/inca-be/inca-be_Routine](#). If the ftp service has stopped, then [cacaus](#) is not able to receive data from the client. This might indicate a local problem with server [cacaus](#). If either one client is not served, then it is likely a problem of the receiving ftp server (at the client side). The contact persons for the ftp transfers are:

AWY	marcinek@belgiumcontrol.be marcinek@belgiumcontrol.be marcinek@belgiumcontrol.be
Belgometeo	Wim.Denner@belgiumcontrol.be Wim.Denner@belgiumcontrol.be
Links	nicolas.clerchaux@meteo.be nicolas.clerchaux@meteo.be
RMF	tom.milleman@meteo.be tom.milleman@meteo.be Wim.Denner@belgiumcontrol.be

An automatic INCA-BE procedure checks the health of the ftp service two times daily (at 7 and 18 UTC), and sends me an email in case of trouble. So if the ftp service stops, I am automatically notified within 13 hours. In any case, the service is not yet operational and the clients know this. They receive INCA-BE output as is, without any warranty.

STEP 5 If previous steps did not clarify the problem, [Ri](#) if the problem seems to persist over a longer time, you can send me an SMS at my personal mobile phone. Ask someone of the radar group for my number.

Maarten Reyniers, 22/07/2013



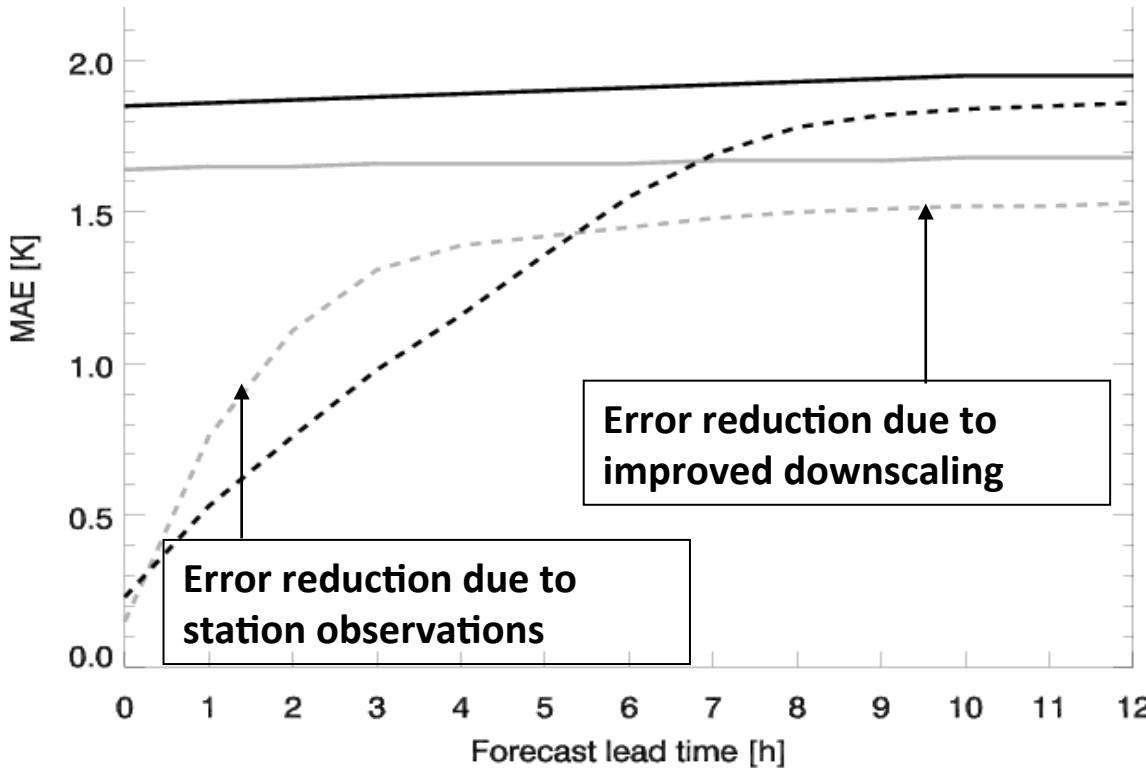
Evaluation

Cloudiness fields

- Here also: implement a more sophisticated **satellite-station merging** technique
- Choice to use RSS implies two days of outages per month
- Visibility still experimental, verification difficult but necessary

Evaluation temperature

INCA-AT (dashed lines) and ALADIN (solid lines) mean absolute forecast errors (MAE) of temperature, averaged over all stations, for July 2009 (grey) and January 2010 (black).



- Overall performance satisfying (quantitative study required)

OVERVIEW

- Why nowcasting?
- INCA, INCA-CE, INCA-BE
- INCA-BE input and output
- INCA-BE precipitation forecast
- Applications
- Future developments

Future work

- **Precipitation (medium term)**
 - Improve quality station and radar data
 - Integrate more real-time station networks (e.g. border stations)
 - Verification studies
- **Precipitation (longer term)**
 - Add other extrapolation strategy (STEPS)
 - Uncertainty estimate on precipitation nowcast
 - (Cell tracker)
- **Other fields**
 - Implementation of gust module
 - Verification studies
 - Improve visibility field

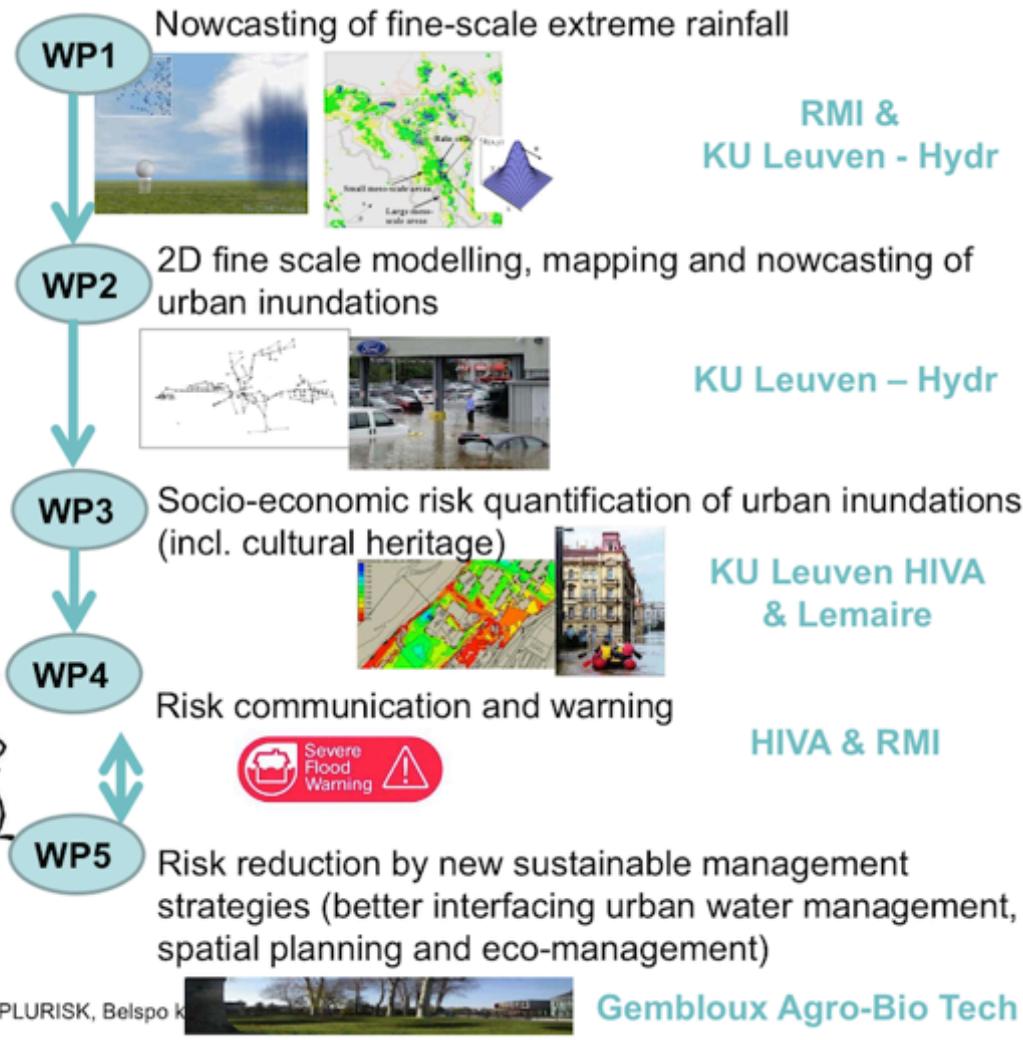
PLURISK project
(financed by
Belgian Science Policy Office)



Presentation Loris Foresti

PLURISK project

'Forecasting and management of extreme rainfall induced risks in the urban environment' (1 May 2012 – 30 April 2016) €1million



WP1: Nowcasting of fine-scale extreme rainfall

- Using advanced techniques for storm cell tracking
- Integrating:
 - national (C-band) radar technology
 - local (X-band) radar technology
 - numerical weather prediction
 - lightning detection
- Quantification of the uncertainty in the nowcasting

INCA-BE “rolling release”

- System is in **constant development**; there is no “final version”
- However, current implementation is **stable**, and results are satisfying
- Current implementation will be operational version, but improvements will be continuously implemented: **rolling release**
- Output of this version is offered to **external clients** since **spring/summer of 2013**

Overview current applications

- **Weather office RMI:** refine short-term forecasts and more precise warnings e.g. for outdoor events like festivals
- **Hydrological services:** integration in their flood-predicting software → earlier anticipation on possible high waters and floods
- **Road management:** automatic lighting control for highways to reduce energy costs
- **Aviation:** aviation agency Belgocontrol uses INCA-BE for nowcasts

Conclusions

- **Current version** of INCA-BE is **stable** and results are certainly **usable**
→ results are sent to external clients e.g. hydrological services
- **Gust module** not yet implemented
- Future work mainly in **precipitation module**

in the context of the **PLURISK** project led by the University of Leuven
<http://www.kuleuven.be/hydr/plurisk>